## TEKS for Mathematics "Rapid" Assessment: Grade K

**K(3) Number and operations**. The student applies mathematical process standards to develop an understanding of addition and subtraction situations in order to solve problems.

**K**(3)(**A**) The student is expected to model the action of joining to represent addition and the action of separating to represent subtraction.

#### **Materials**

• 10 counters

Procedure: Provide students with counters.

Ask students to solve each of the following problems. Ask students to justify his or her answer by answering the question, "How do you know?"

- 1. You have 2 pencils, and I give you 1 more. How many pencils will you have?
- 2. There are 3 books on the table. Your mom puts 2 more books on the table. How many books will be on the table?
- 3. You have 5 french fries, and your friend gives you 2 more. How many french fries will you have?
- 4. There are 6 cows in the barn and 3 cows in the field. How many cows are there?
- 5. There are 2 birds in the tree, and 1 flies away. How many birds are left?
- 6. There are 5 cars in the parking lot, and 2 drive away. How many cars are left?
- 7. You have 6 apples and eat 2 of them. How many apples do you have left?
- 8. The tree has 8 apples, and you pick 5 apples off the tree. How many apples does the tree have left?

This activity may be repeated using different numbers or different context.

Check Student's Responses:	Check Student's Strategies:
1. 2+1  □ 3  □ The student could justify the answer.	<ul> <li>□ Counted aloud</li> <li>□ Used the counters</li> <li>□ Used his or her fingers</li> <li>□ Other:</li> </ul>
2. 3 + 2  □ 5  □  □ The student could justify the answer.	<ul> <li>□ Counted aloud</li> <li>□ Used the counters</li> <li>□ Used his or her fingers</li> <li>□ Other:</li> </ul>
3. 5+2      7      The student could justify the answer.	<ul> <li>□ Counted aloud</li> <li>□ Used the counters</li> <li>□ Used his or her fingers</li> <li>□ Other:</li> </ul>

Mathematics TEKS Connections: Grade K

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<ul> <li>4. 6+3  9  The student could justify the answer.</li> <li>5. 2-1  1  The student could justify the answer.</li> </ul>	□ Counted aloud □ Used the counters □ Used his or her fingers □ Other: □ Counted aloud □ Used the counters □ Used his or her fingers
6. 5−2  □ 3  □ □ The student could justify the answer.	<ul> <li>□ Other:</li> <li>□ Counted aloud</li> <li>□ Used the counters</li> <li>□ Used his or her fingers</li> <li>□ Other:</li> </ul>
7. 6-2  □ 4  □ ——  □ The student could justify the answer.	<ul> <li>□ Counted aloud</li> <li>□ Used the counters</li> <li>□ Used his or her fingers</li> <li>□ Other:</li> </ul>
8. 8-5  □ 3  □ ——  □ The student could justify the answer.	<ul> <li>□ Counted aloud</li> <li>□ Used the counters</li> <li>□ Used his or her fingers</li> <li>□ Other:</li> </ul>
Notes:	

K(3)(A) The student is expected to model the action of joining to represent addition and the action of separating to represent subtraction.

Possible interpretations, issues to follow up on, and implications for teaching

### What did you observe?

- The student **counted aloud.** This is an appropriate strategy.
- The student **used his or her fingers**. This is a reliable strategy for small numbers, but it is not efficient, particularly for larger numbers.
- The student **used counters.** Consider how he or she used the counters to solve the problem:
  - The student counted from 1.
  - The student counted on from the larger number (e.g., for '5+2' she selected 5 blocks and counted five, six, seven).

### How do you know?

After a student solves a problem, regardless of accuracy, ask the student to justify his or	her
response in order to further understand the student's thinking.	