OER K–5 Reading Language Arts

ENGLISH

AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE



GRADE 1 UNIT 8 | FLIP BOOK

EDITION 1

Grade 1 | Unit 8

American Independence

Flip Book

Acknowledgement:

Thank you to all the Texas educators and stakeholders who supported the review process and provided feedback. These materials are the result of the work of numerous individuals, and we are deeply grateful for their contributions.

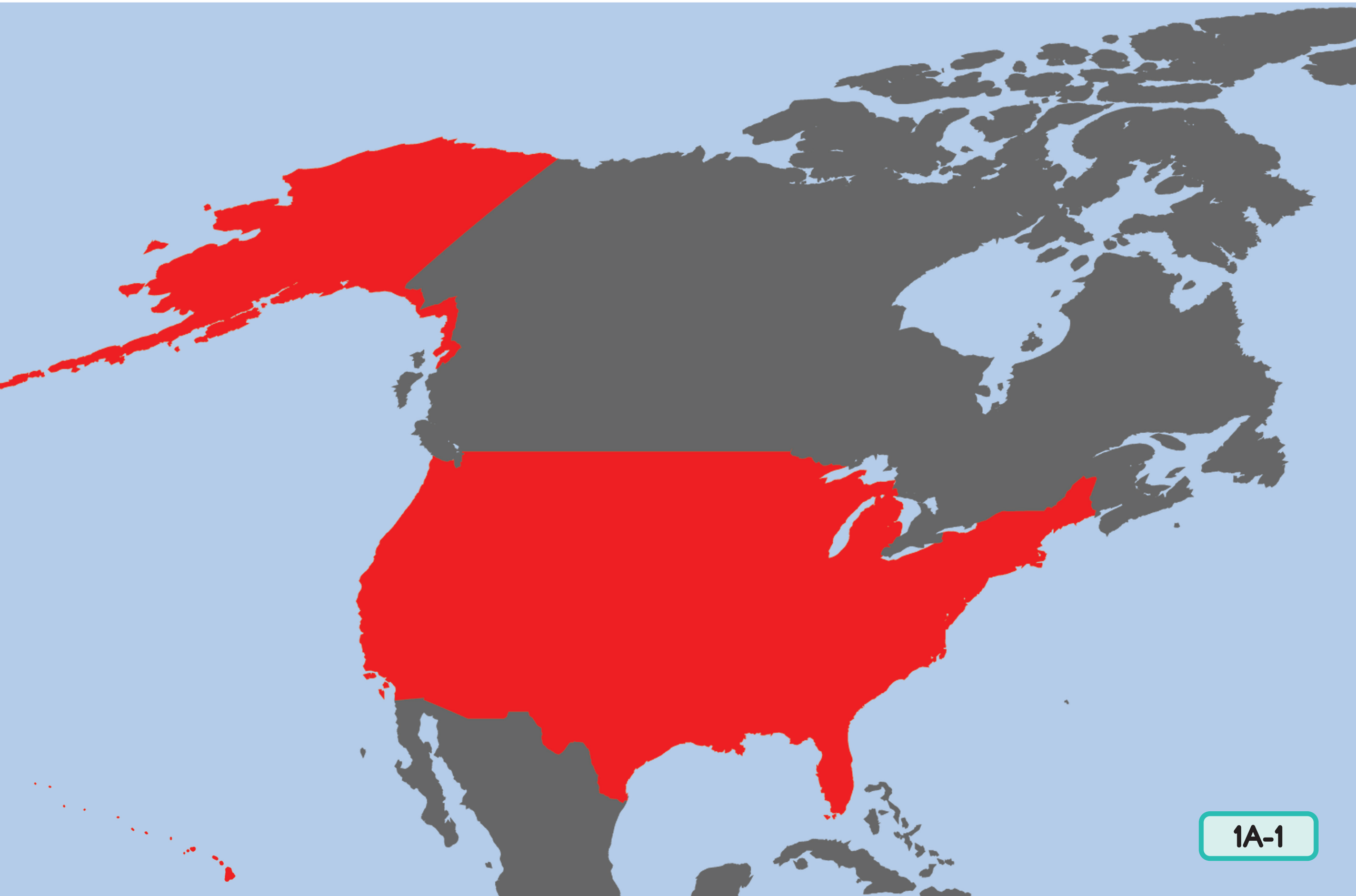
Notice: These learning resources have been built for Texas students, aligned to the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills, and are made available pursuant to Chapter 31, Subchapter B-1 of the Texas Education Code.

If you have further product questions or to report an error, please email **openeducationresources@tea.texas.gov**.

Flip Book Introduction

This Flip Book contains images that accompany the Teacher Guide for *American Independence*. The images are in sequential order. Each image is identified by its lesson number, Read-Aloud letter (A or B), and the number of the image within the particular read-aloud. For example, the first image in Read-Aloud 1A is numbered 1A-1. Once you have worked your way through the book to the last page, you will flip the entire book over to view the second half of the images.

Depending on your classroom configuration, you may need to have students sit closer to the flip book in order to see the images clearly.



1A-1

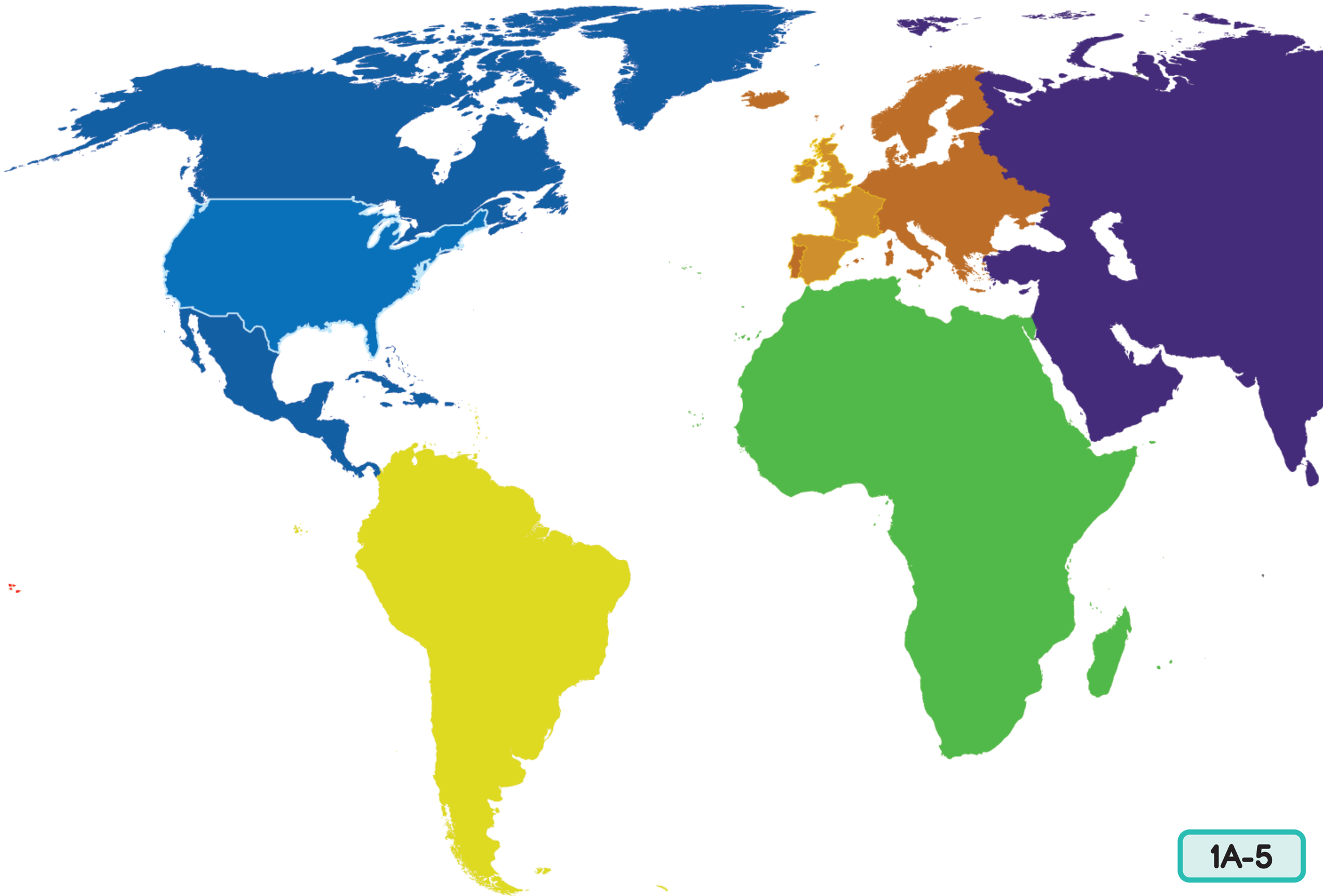


1A-2



1A-3

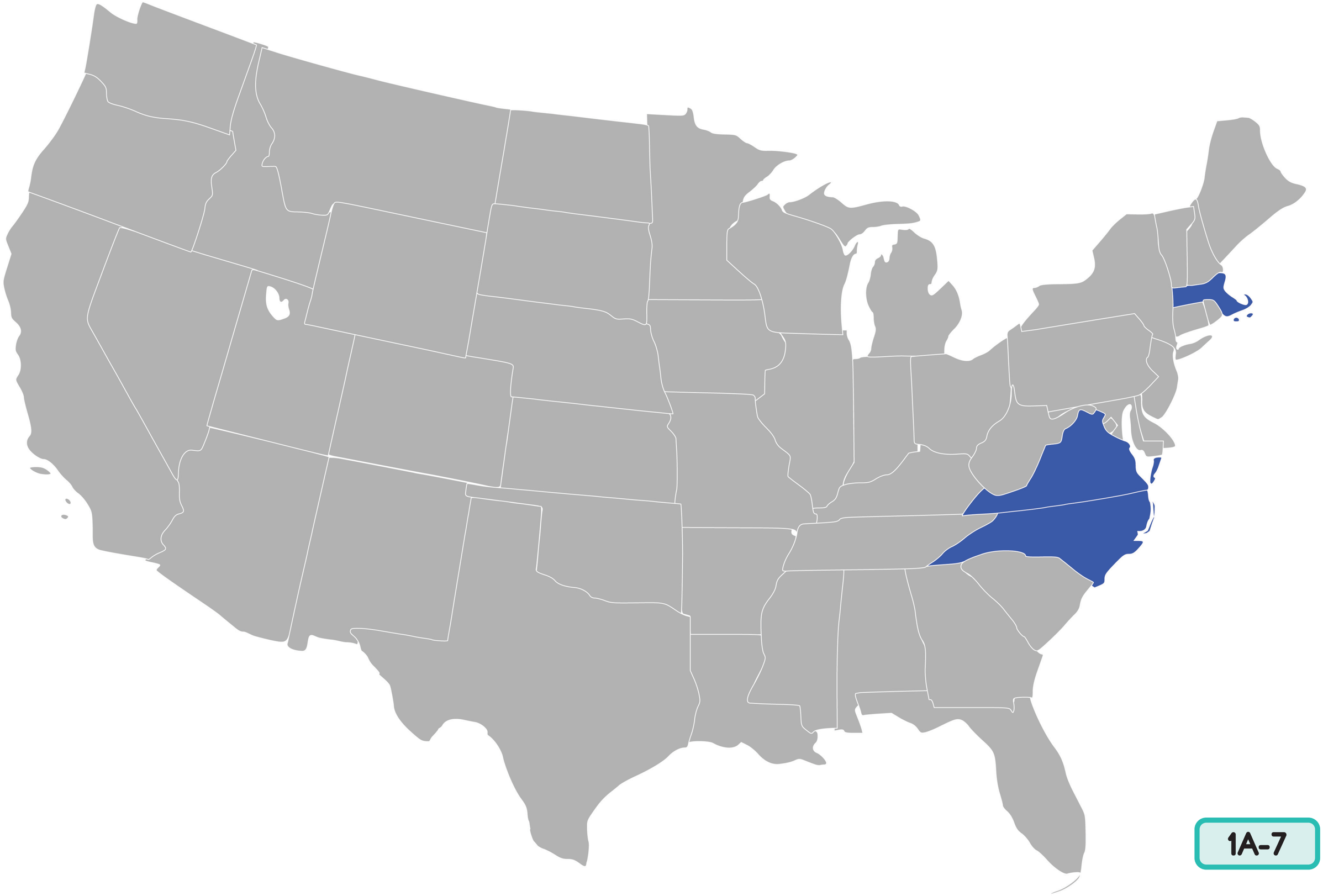

1A-4



1A-5



1A-6

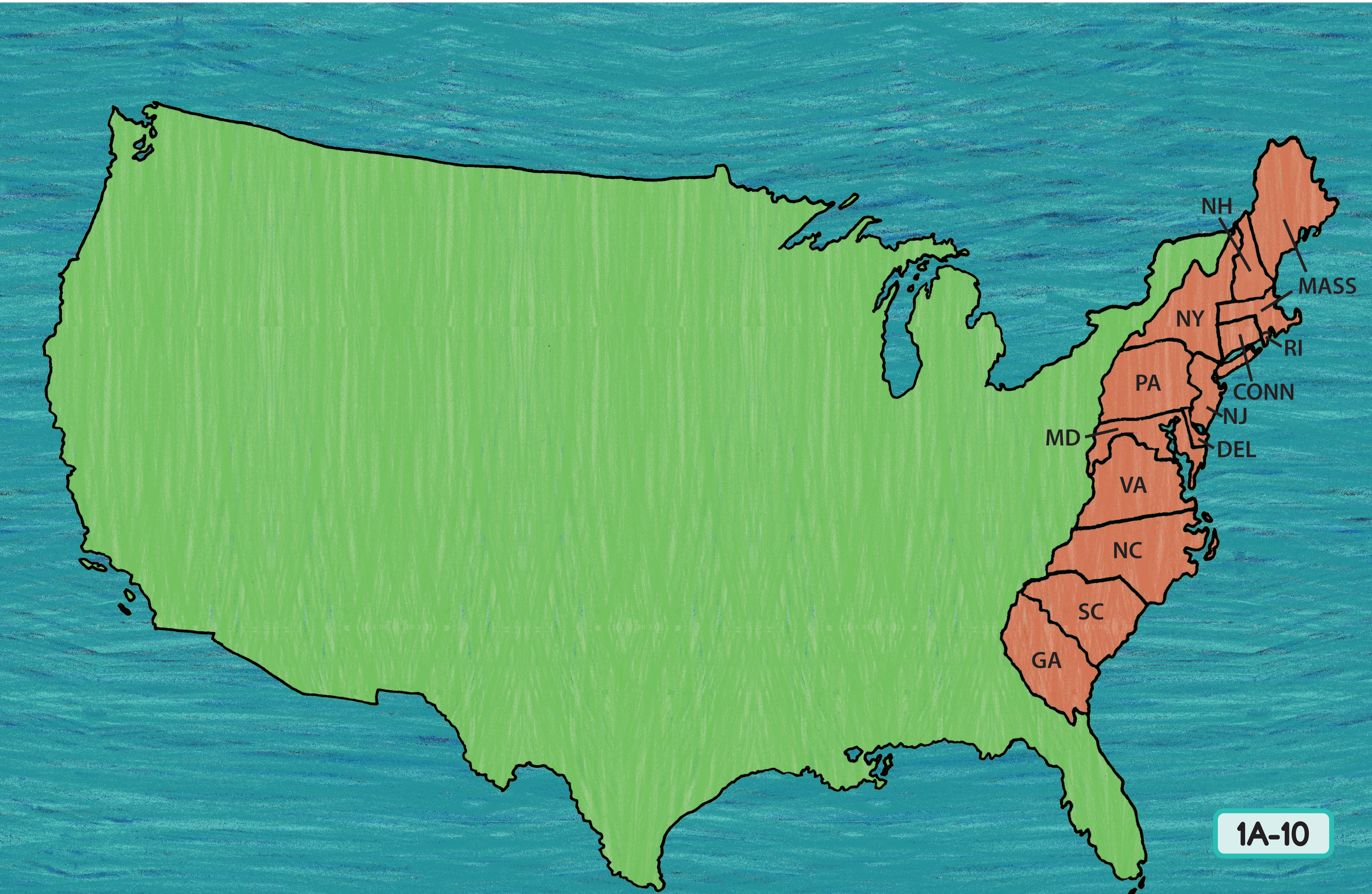


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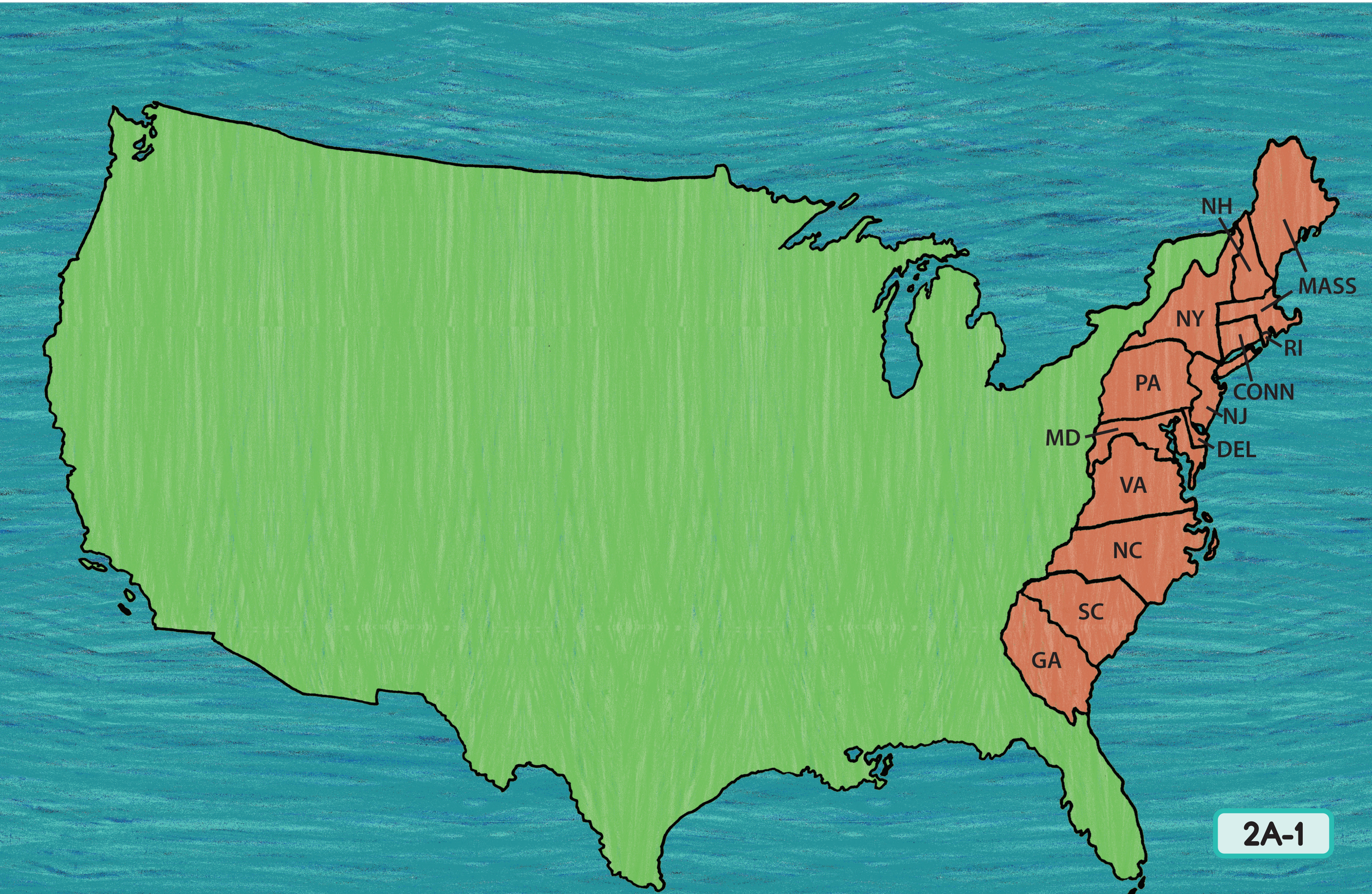
1A-8





1A-10


NORTH AMERICA
ATLANTIC OCEAN
EUROPE
ASIA
AFRICA
SOUTH AMERICA
N
W
E
S
1A-11



2A-1

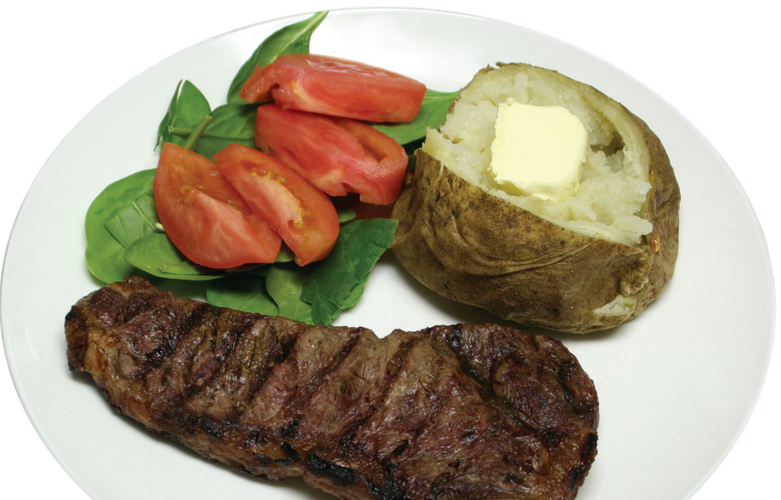


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2A-3



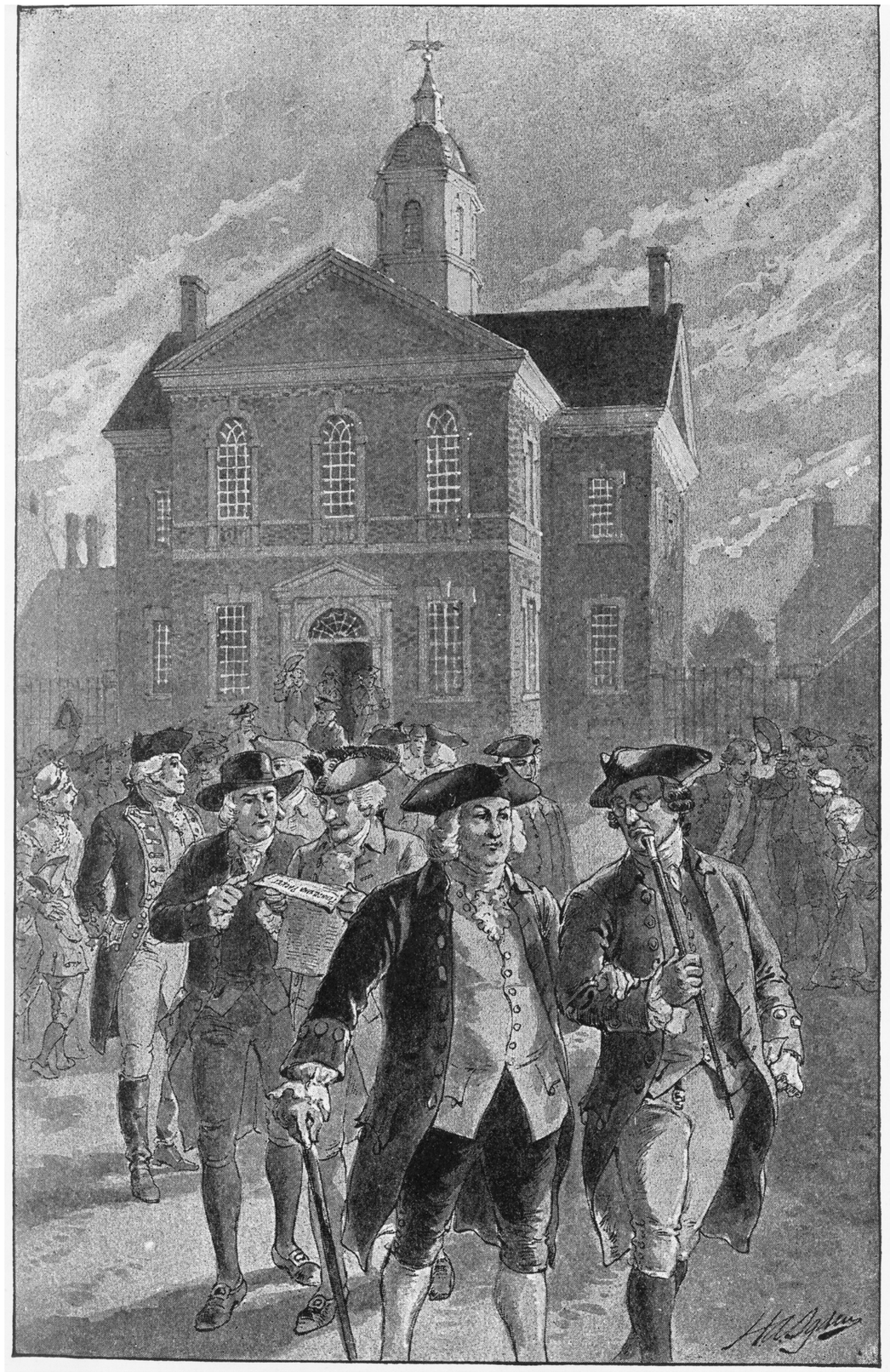
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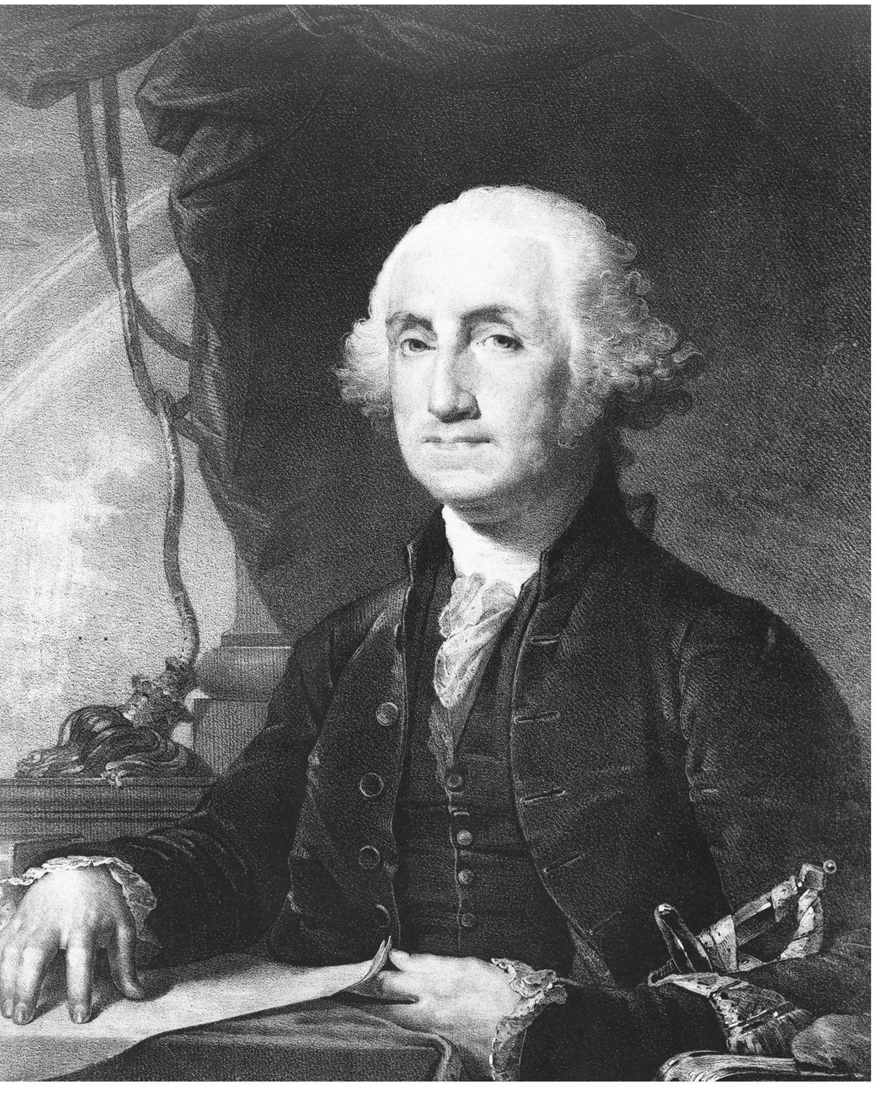
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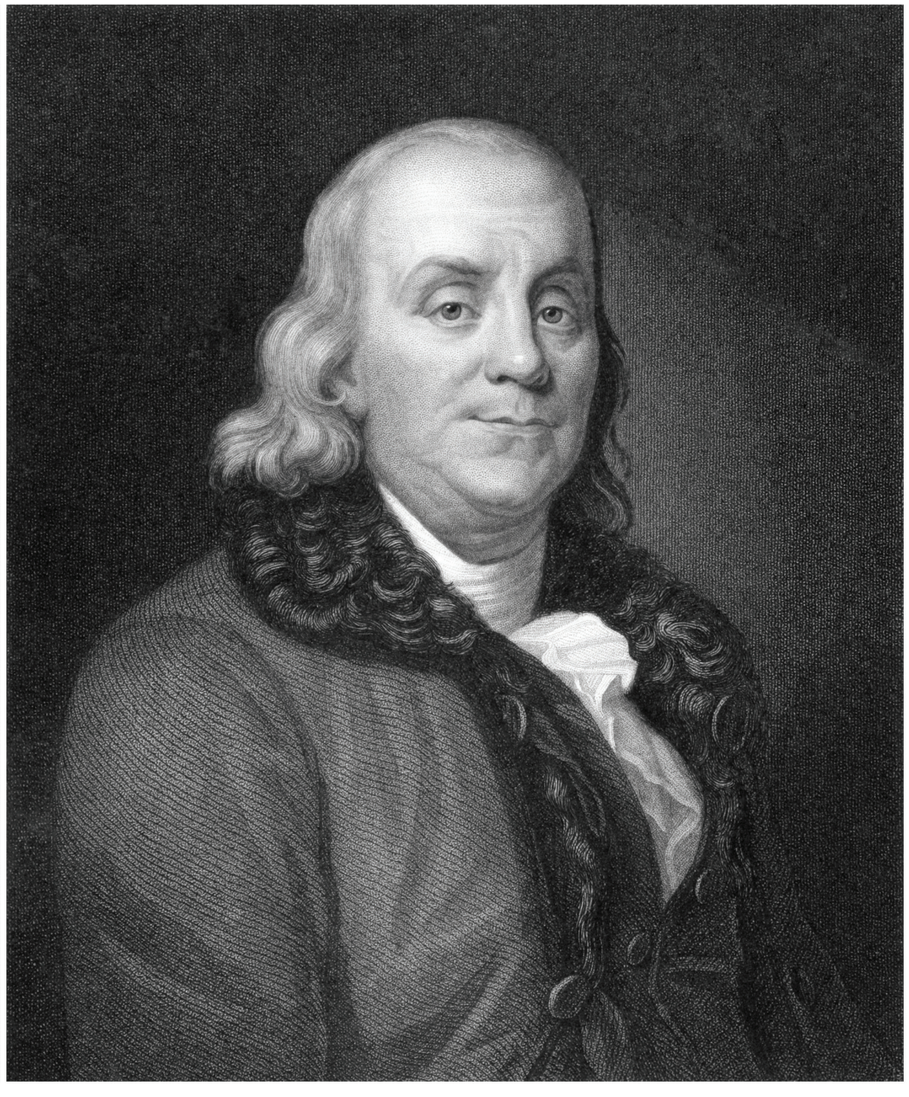


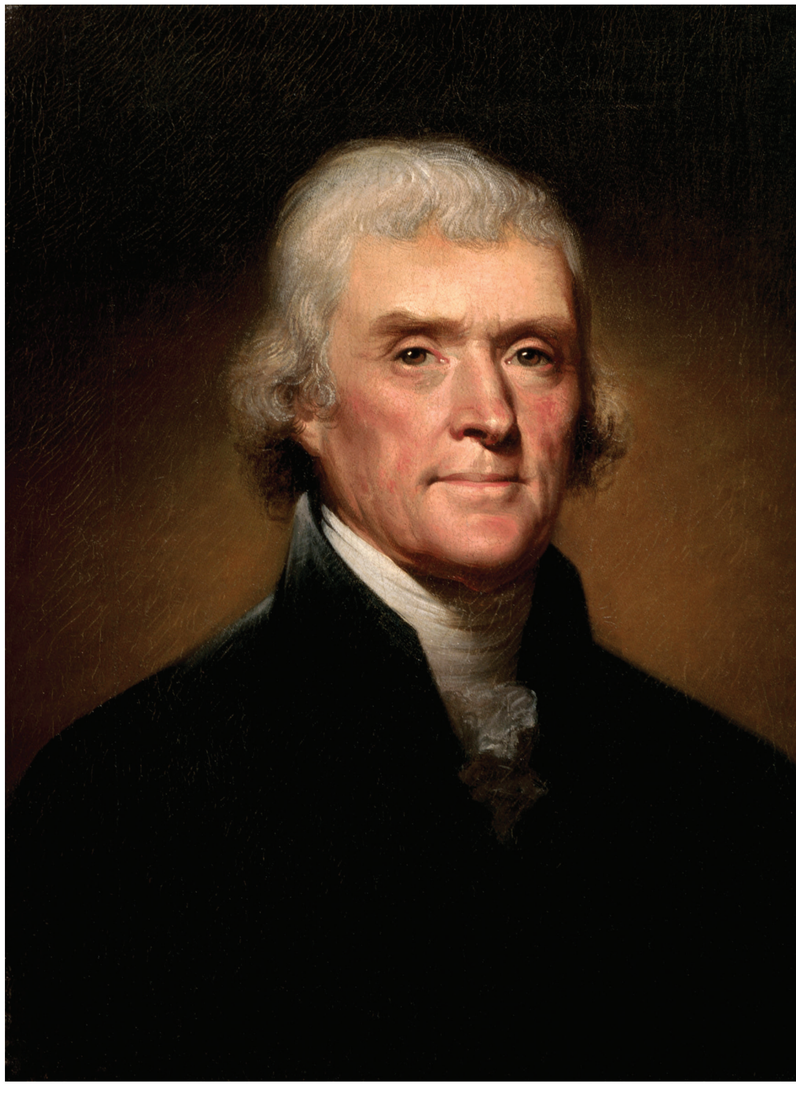
2A-6



2A-7









2A-9



3A-1



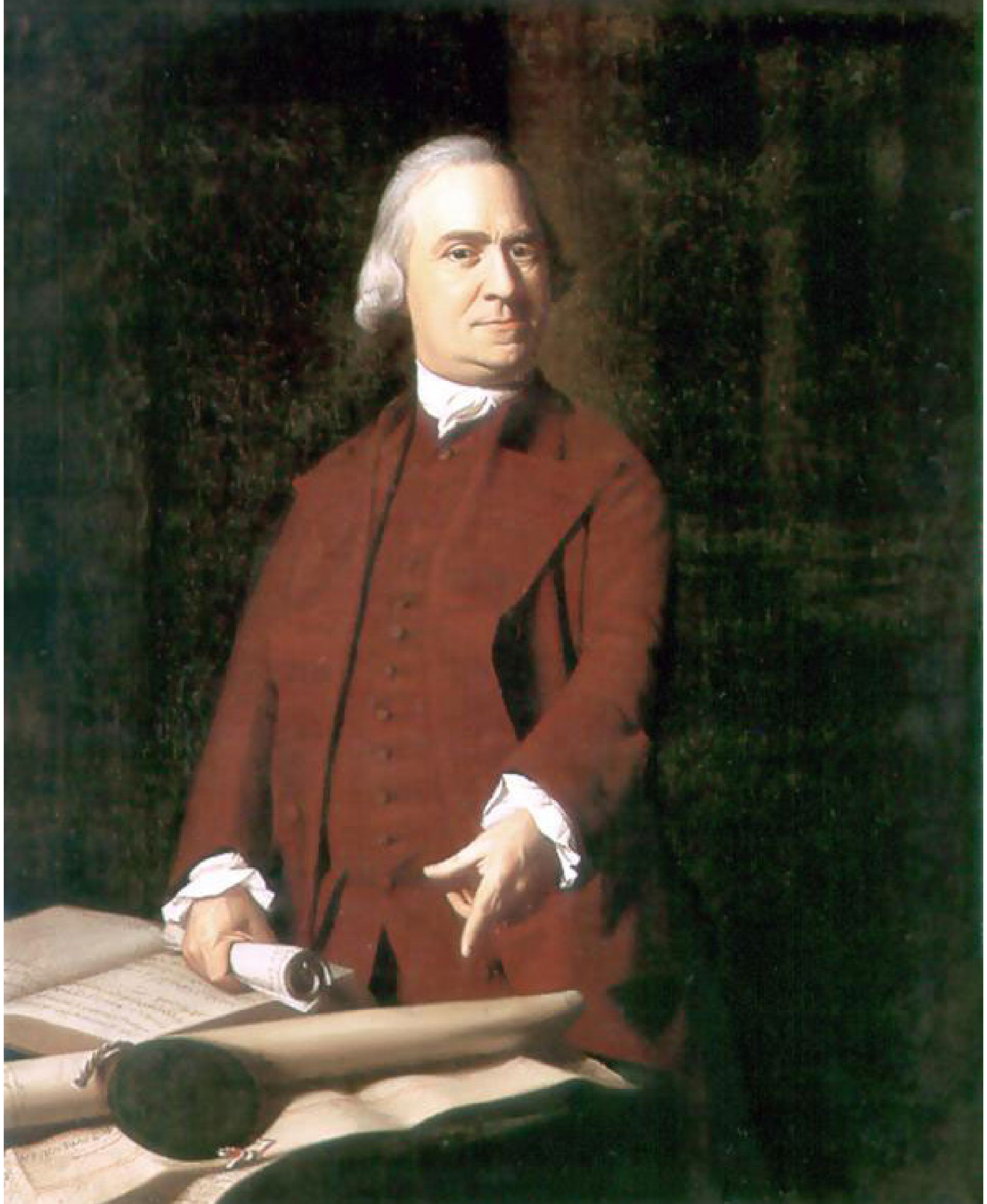
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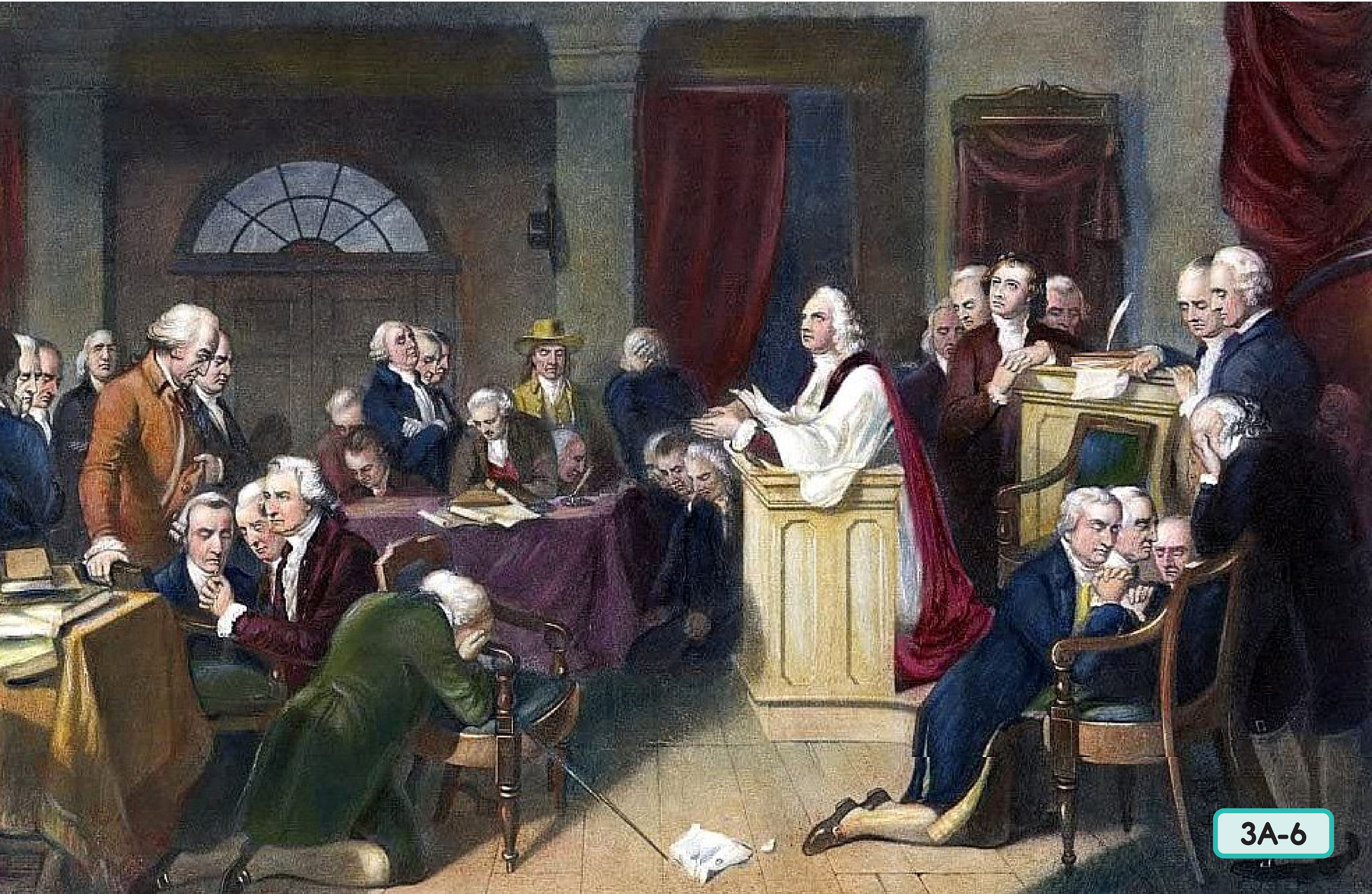


3A-3



3A-4





3A-6



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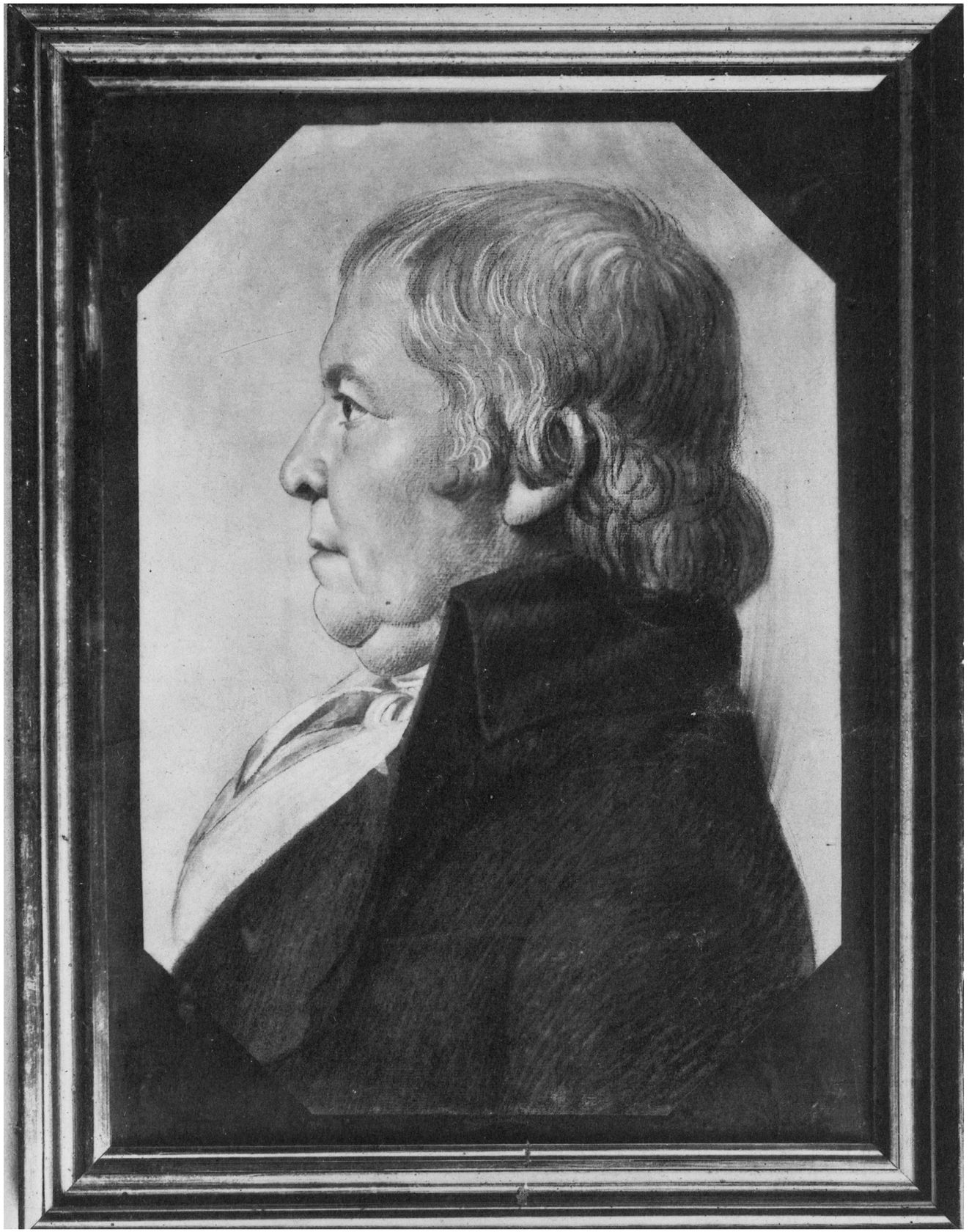
WASHINGTON, APPOINTED COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

The Continental Congress, June 15th 1775, elected George Washington, Commander in Chief, of all the forces raised, or to be raised, for the defence of the Colonies. He being then 43 years of age, and a member of that body, when President Hancock announced to Washington his appointment, he modestly and with great dignity signified his acceptance of the important trust.

3A-7



4A-1



4A-2



ЧА-3

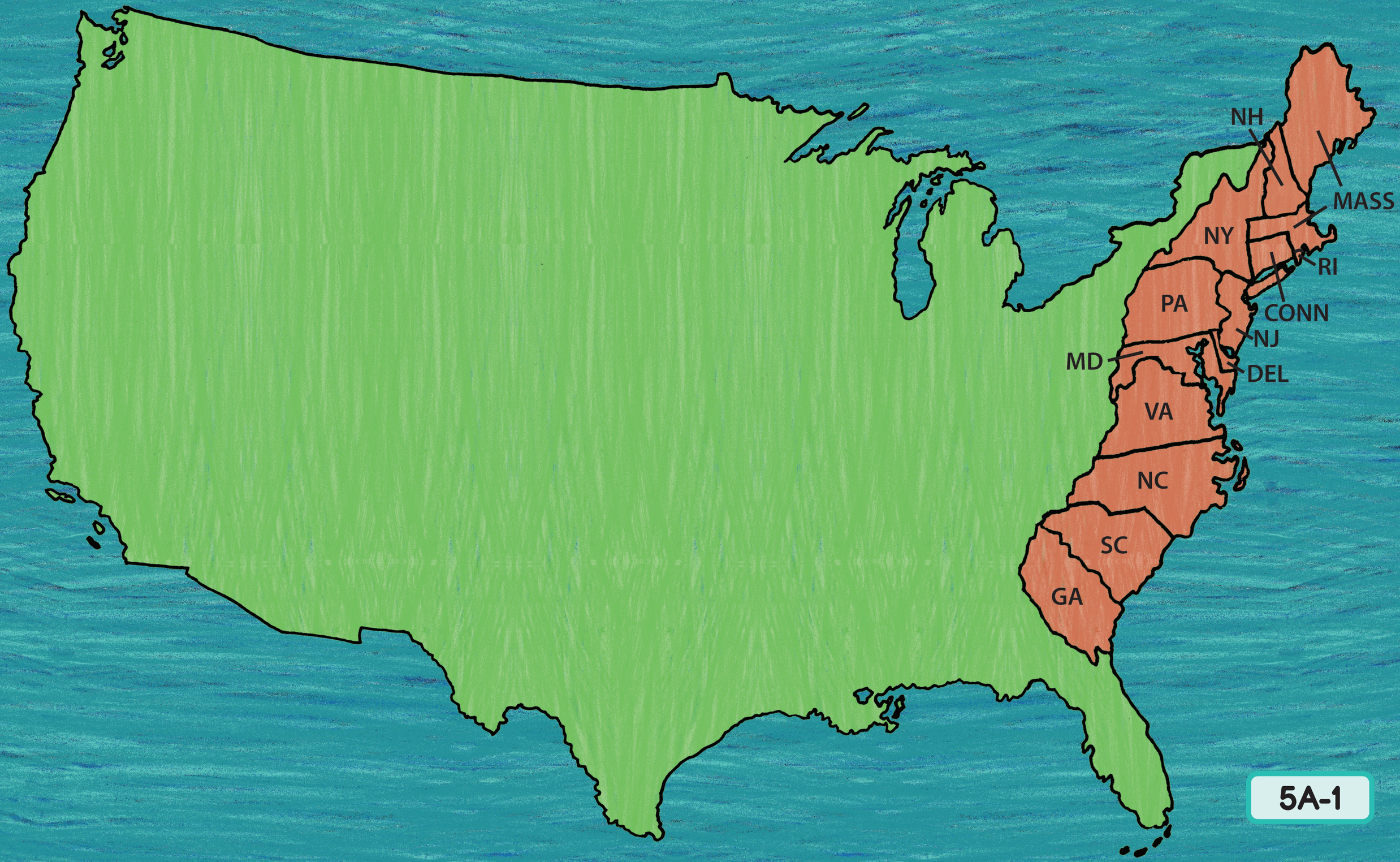
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4A-5



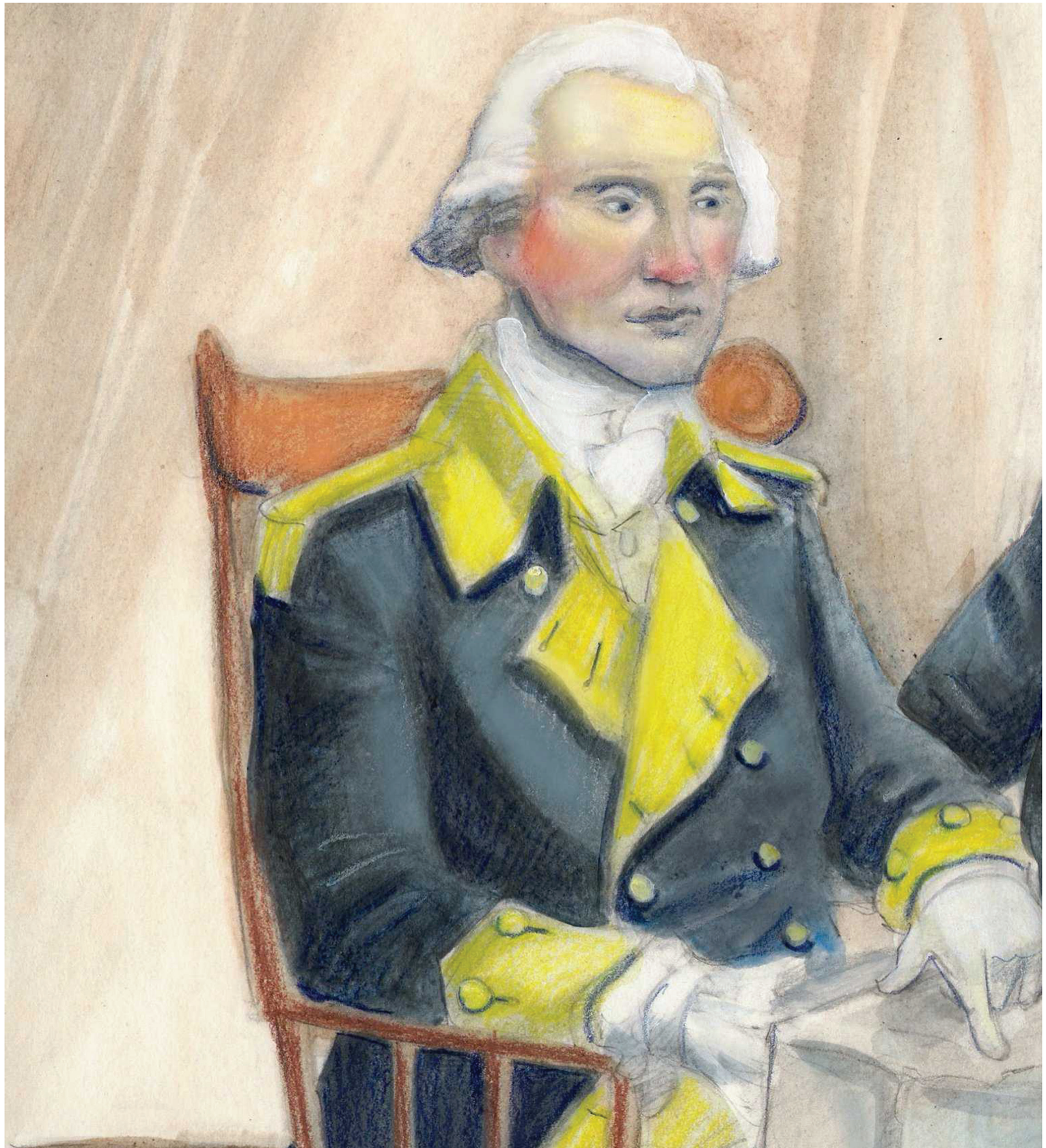
4A-6

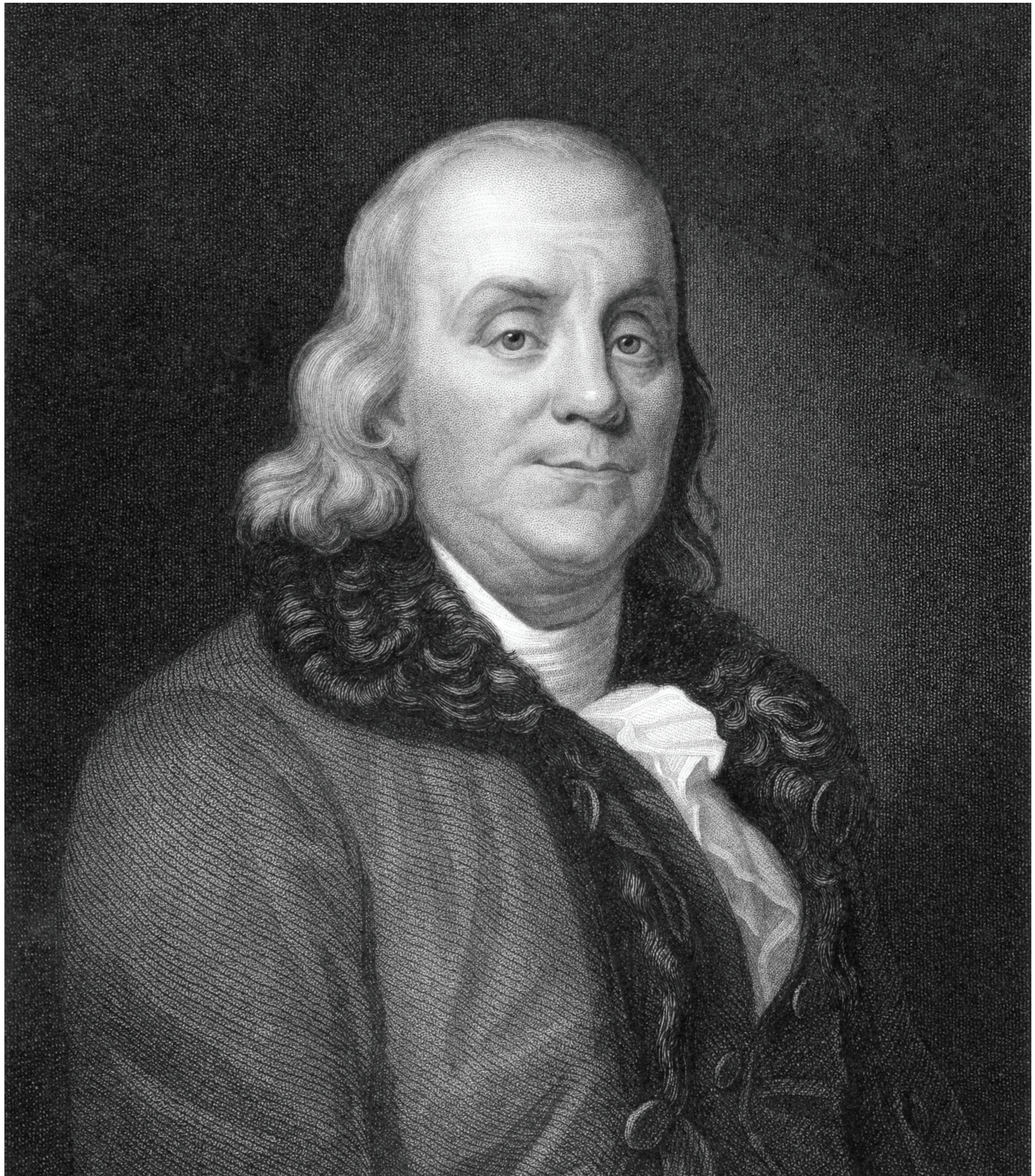


5A-1



5A-2





5A-4



5A-5



5A-6

IN CONGRESS, JULY 4, 1776.

The unanimous Declaration of the thirteen united States of America,

When in the Course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the Laws of Nature and of Nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation. ——— We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness. — That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, — That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new Government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their Safety and Happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that Governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly all experience hath shewn, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same Object evinces a design to reduce them under absolute Despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such Government, and to provide new Guards for their future security. — Such has been the patient sufferance of these Colonies; and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former Systems of Government. The history of the present King of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute Tyranny over these States. To prove this, let Facts be submitted to a candid world. ——— He has refused his Assent to Laws, the most wholesome and necessary for the public good. ——— He has forbidden his Governors to pass Laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his Assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them. ——— He has refused to pass other Laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of Representation in the Legislature, a right inestimable to them and formidable to tyrants only. ——— He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their public Records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures. ——— He has dissolved Representative Houses repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his invasions on the rights of the people. ——— He has refused for a long time, after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the Legislative powers, incapable of Annihilation, have returned to the People at large for their exercise, the State remaining in the mean time exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without, and convulsions within. ——— He has endeavoured to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose obstructing the Laws for Naturalization of Foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migrations hither, and raising the conditions of new Appropriations of Lands. ——— He has obstructed the Administration of Justice, by refusing his Assent to Laws for establishing Judiciary powers. ——— He has made Judges dependent on his Will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries. ——— He has erected a multitude of New Offices, and sent hither swarms of Officers to harass our People, and eat out their substance. ——— He has kept among us, in times of peace, Standing Armies without the Consent of our legislatures. ——— He has affected to render the Military independent of and superior to the Civil power. ——— He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his Assent to their Acts of pretended Legislation: — For Quartering large bodies of armed troops among us: — For protecting them, by a mock Trial, from punishment for any Murders which they should commit on the Inhabitants of these States: — For cutting off our Trade with all parts of the world: — For imposing Taxes on us without our Consent: — For depriving us in many cases, of the benefits of Trial by Jury: — For transporting us beyond Seas to be tried for pretended offences: — For abolishing the free System of English Laws in a neighbouring Province, establishing therein an Arbitrary government, and enlarging its Boundaries so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these Colonies: — For taking away our Charters, abolishing our most valuable Laws, and altering fundamentally the Forms of our Governments: — For suspending our own Legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever. — He has abdicated Government here, by declaring us out of his Protection and waging War against us. ——— He has plundered our seas, ravaged our Coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people. ——— He is at this time transporting large Armies of foreign Mercenaries to compleat the works of death, desolation and tyranny, already begun with circumstances of Cruelty & Perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the Head of a civilized nation. ——— He has constrained our fellow Citizens taken Captive on the high Seas to bear Arms against their Country, to become the executioners of their friends and Brethren, or to fall themselves by their Hands. — He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavoured to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers, the merciless Indian Savages, whose known rule of warfare, is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes and conditions. In every stage of these Oppressions We have Petitioned for Redress in the most humble terms: Our repeated Petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A Prince, whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a Tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people. Nor have We been wanting in attentions to our British brethren. We have warned them from time to time of attempts by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them by the ties of our common kindred to disavow these usurpations, which, would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They too have been deaf to the voice of justice and of consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity, which denounces our Separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, Enemies in War, in Peace Friends. ———

We, therefore, the Representatives of the united States of America, in General Congress, Assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the Name, and by Authority of the good People of these Colonies, solemnly publish and declare, That these United Colonies are, and of Right ought to be Free and Independent States; that they are absolved from all Allegiance to the British Crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britain, is and ought to be totally dissolved; and that as Free and Independent States, they have full Power to levy War, conclude Peace, contract Alliances, establish Commerce, and to do all other Acts and Things which Independent States may of right do. ——— And for the support of this Declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our Lives, our Fortunes and our sacred Honor.

John Hancock

New Hampshire: Josiah Bartlett, Wm Whipple, Matthew Thornton

Massachusetts: Saml Adams, John Adams, Robt Treat Paine, Elbridge Gerry

Rhode Island: Step. Hopkins, William Ellery

Connecticut: Roger Sherman, Sam'el Huntington, Wm Williams, Oliver Wolcott

New York: Wm Floyd, Phil. Livingston, Frans. Lewis, Lewis Morris

New Jersey: Richd Stockton, Jno Witherspoon, Fras. Hopkinson, John Hart, Abra Clark

Pennsylvania: Robt Morris, Benjamin Rush, Benj. Franklin, John Morton, Geo. Clymer, Jas. Smith, Geo. Taylor, James Wilson, Geo. Ross

Delaware: Caesar Rodney, Geo. Read, Tho. M'Kean

Maryland: Wm Paca, Thos. Stone, Chas. Carroll of Carrollton

Virginia: George Wythe, Richard Henry Lee, Th. Jefferson, Benj. Harrison, Thos. Nelson, Jr., Francis Lightfoot Lee, Carter Braxton

North Carolina: Wm Hooper, Joseph Hewes, John Penn

South Carolina: Edward Rutledge, Thos. Heyward, Junr., Thomas Lynch, Junr., Arthur Middleton

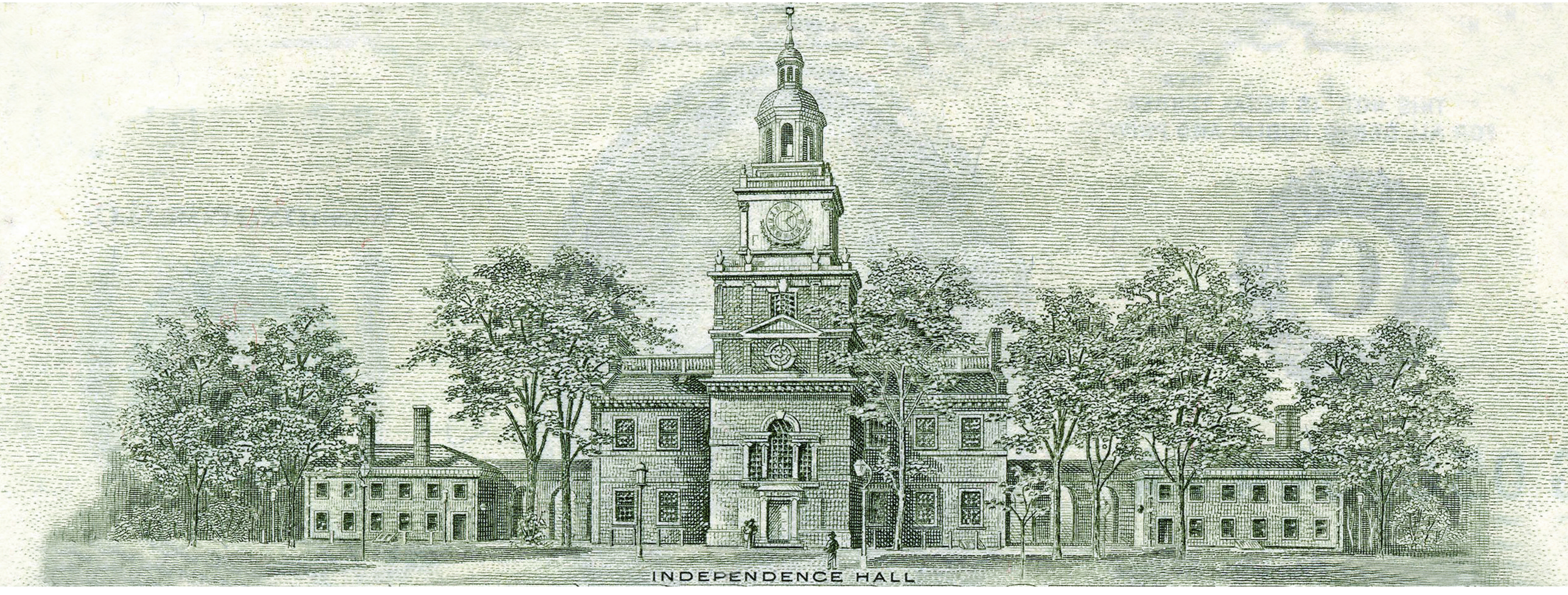
Georgia: Button Gwinnett, Lyman Hall, Geo Walton

5A-7



6A-1





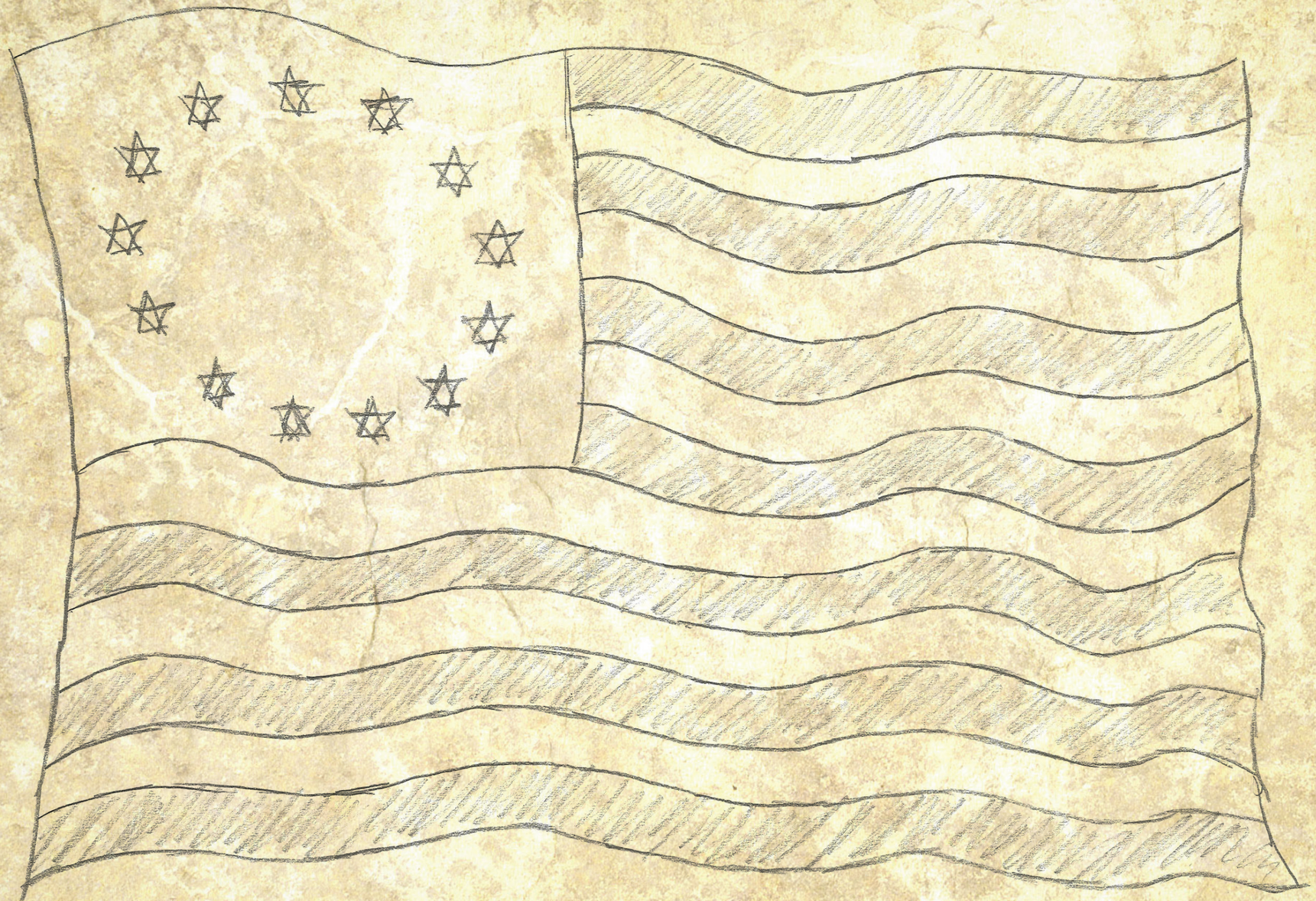
6A-3



6A-4



6A-5





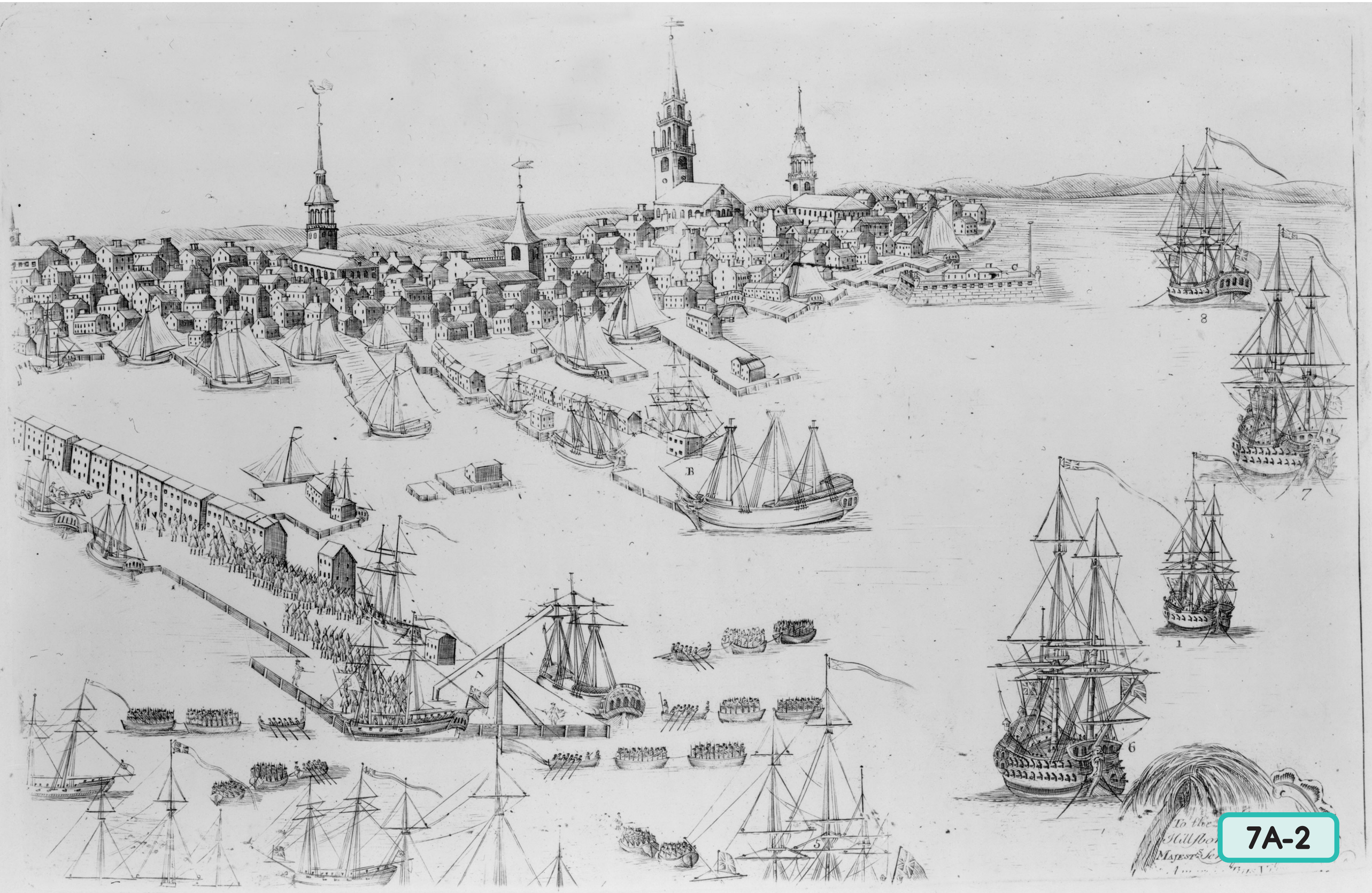
6A-7



6A-8



7A-1



7A-2



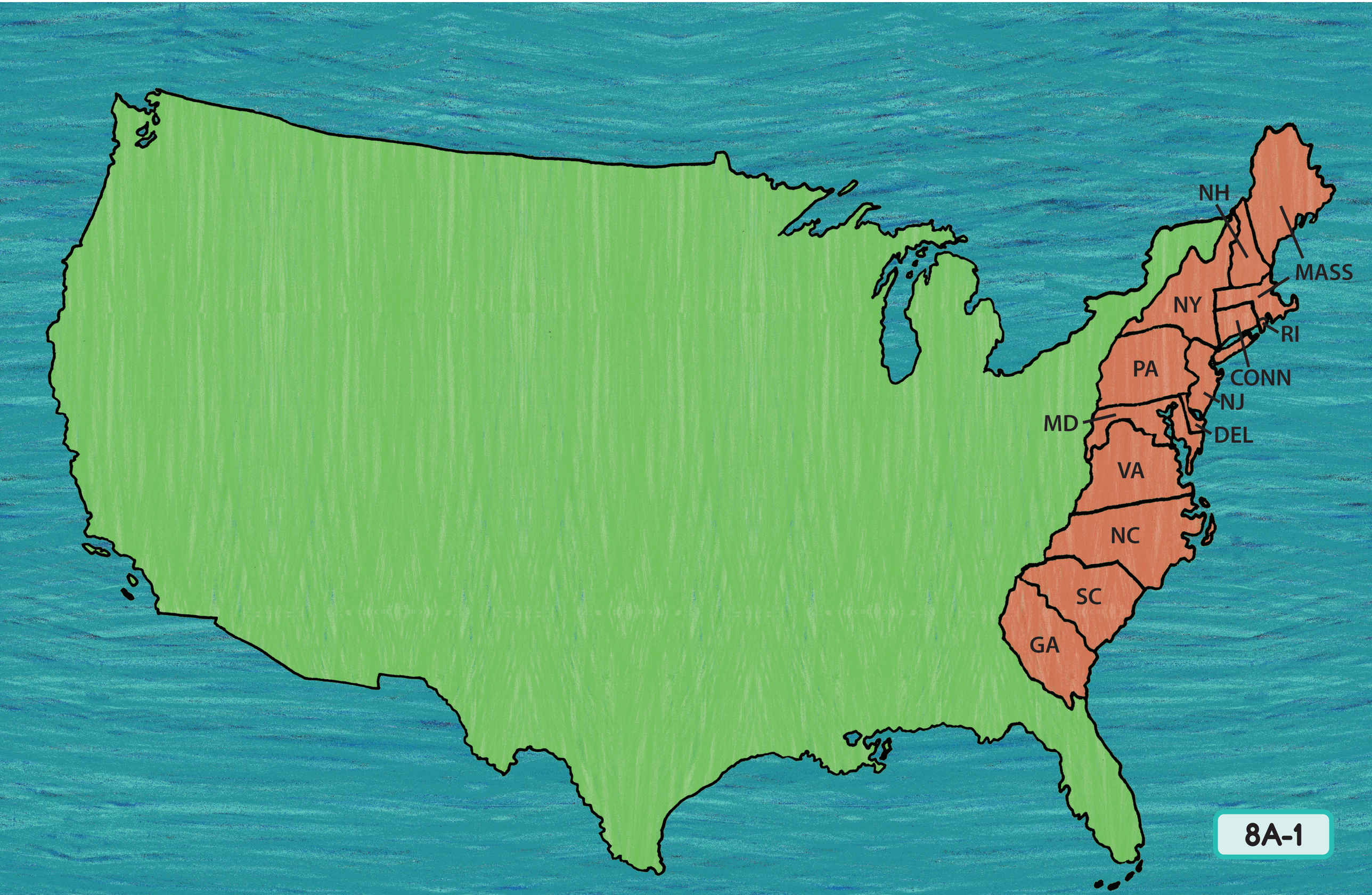
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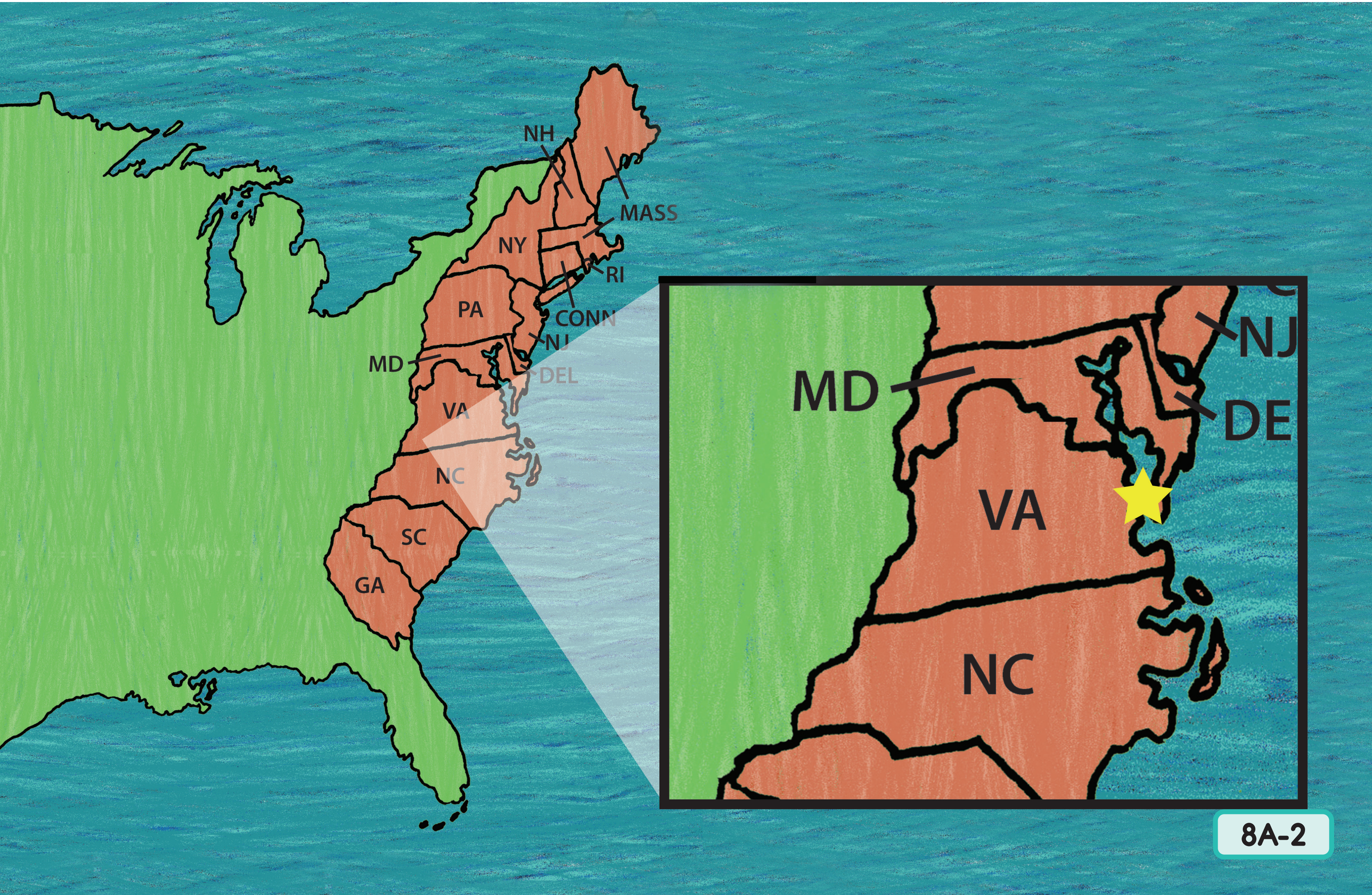
7A-4



7A-5



8A-1



8A-2



8A-3

without Difficulty and without requiring
any Compensation.

Article 10.th

The solemn Ratifications of the
present Treaty expedited in good & due
Form shall be exchanged between the
contracting Parties in the Space of
Six Months or sooner if possible to be
computed from the Day of the Signature
of the present Treaty. In Witness
whereof we the undersigned their Ministers
Plenipotentiary have in their Name
and in Virtue of our Full Powers signed
with our Hands the present Definitive
Treaty, and caused the Seals of our Arms
to be affixed thereto.

Done at Paris, this third Day of September, In
the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred & eighty three.

Hartley John Adams. B Franklin John Jay

8A-4

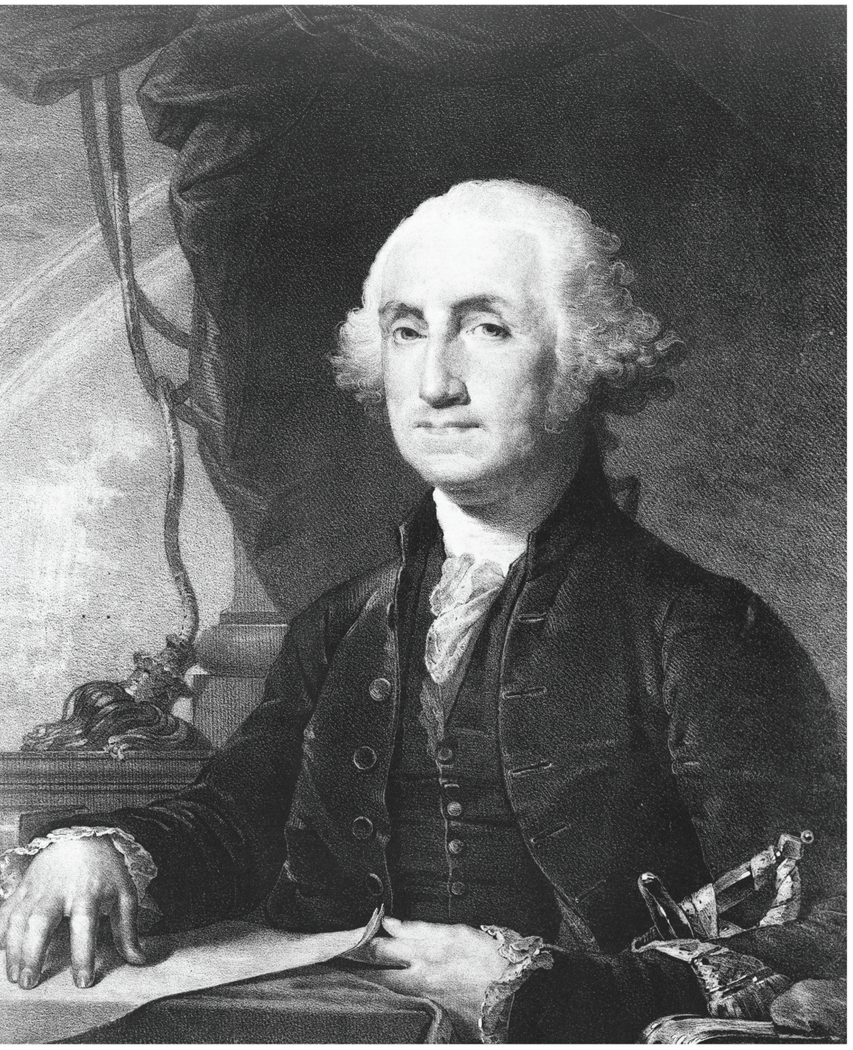


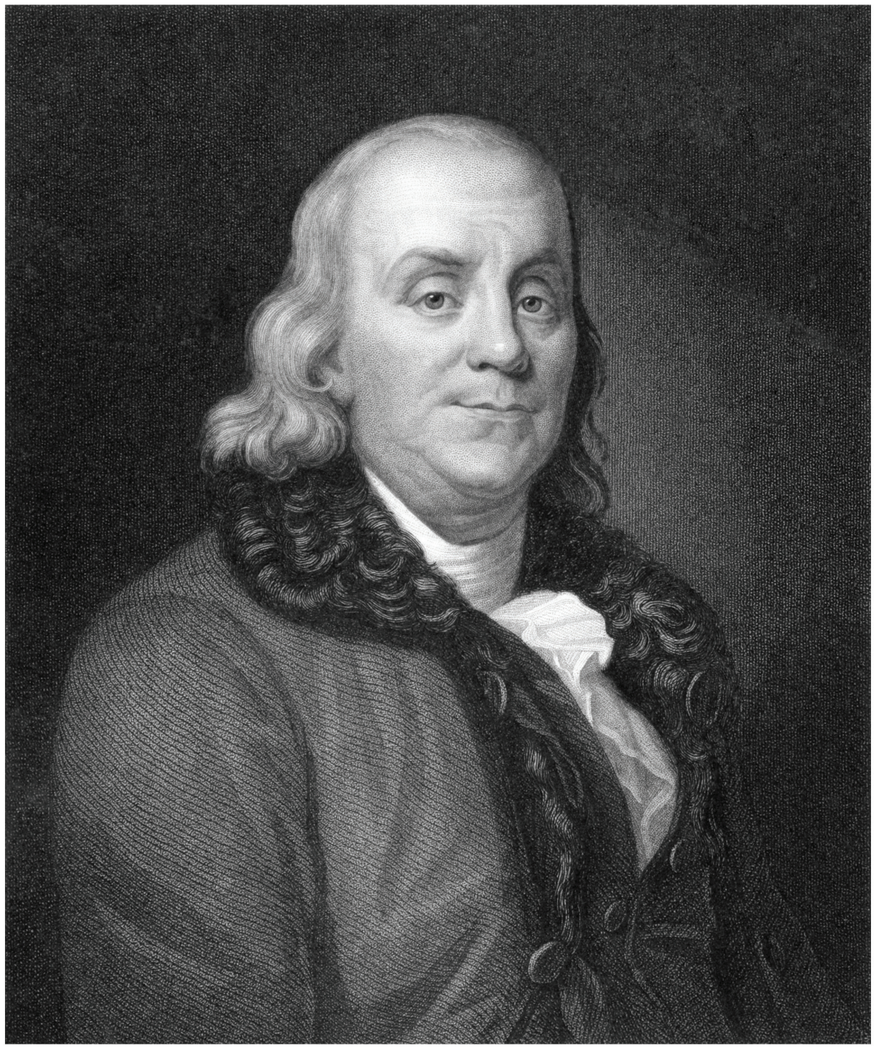


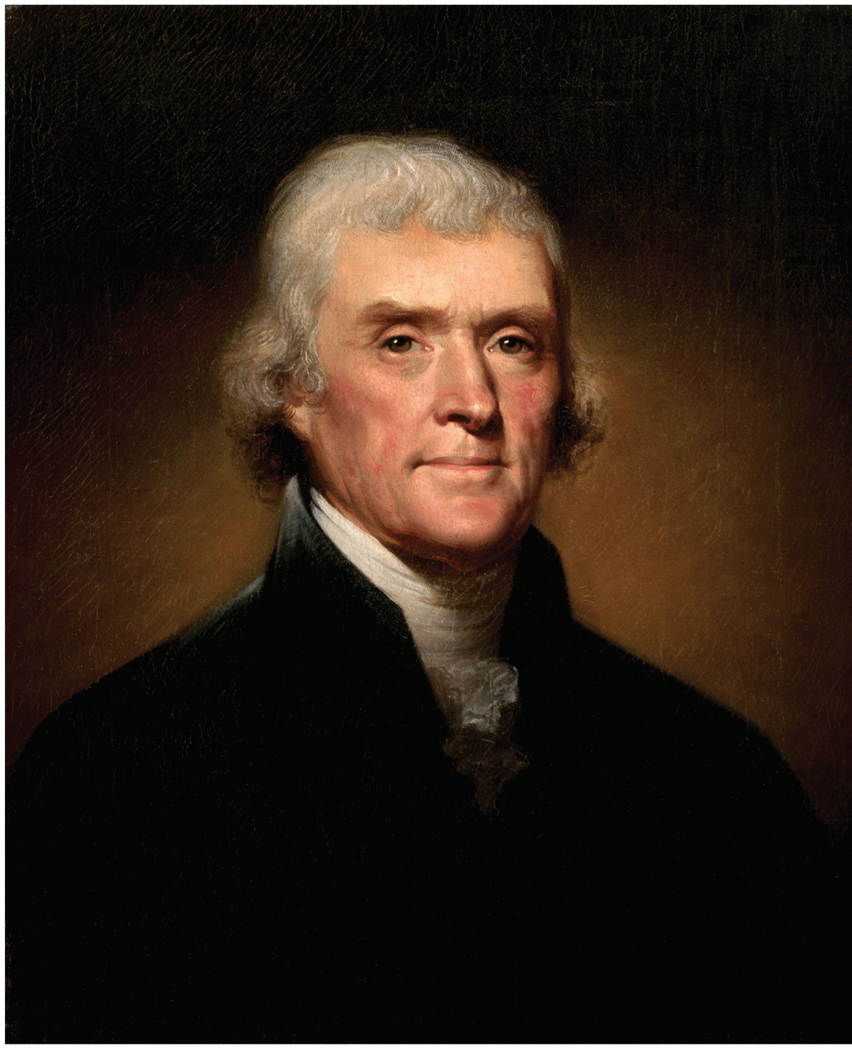
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9A-2



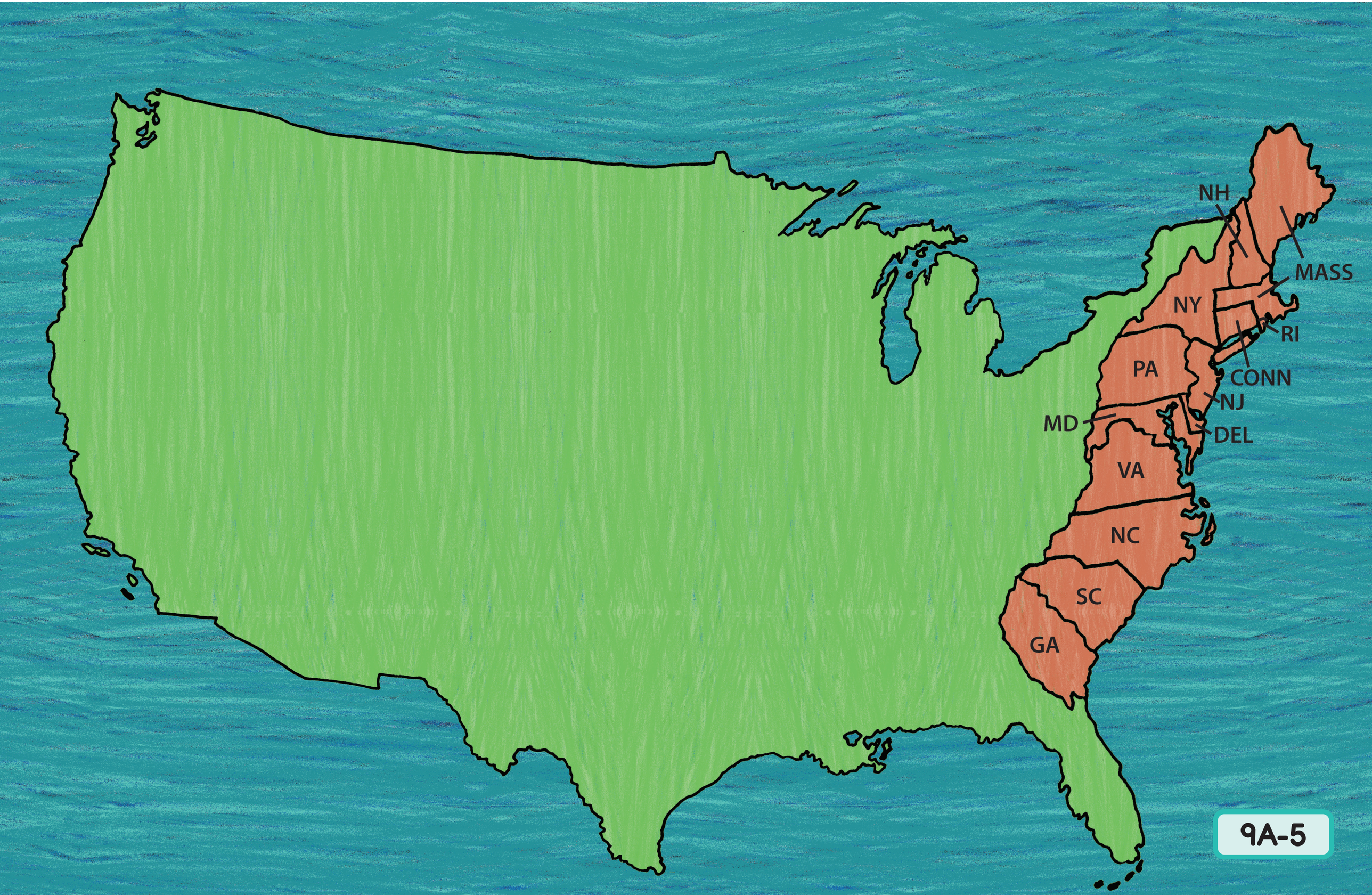




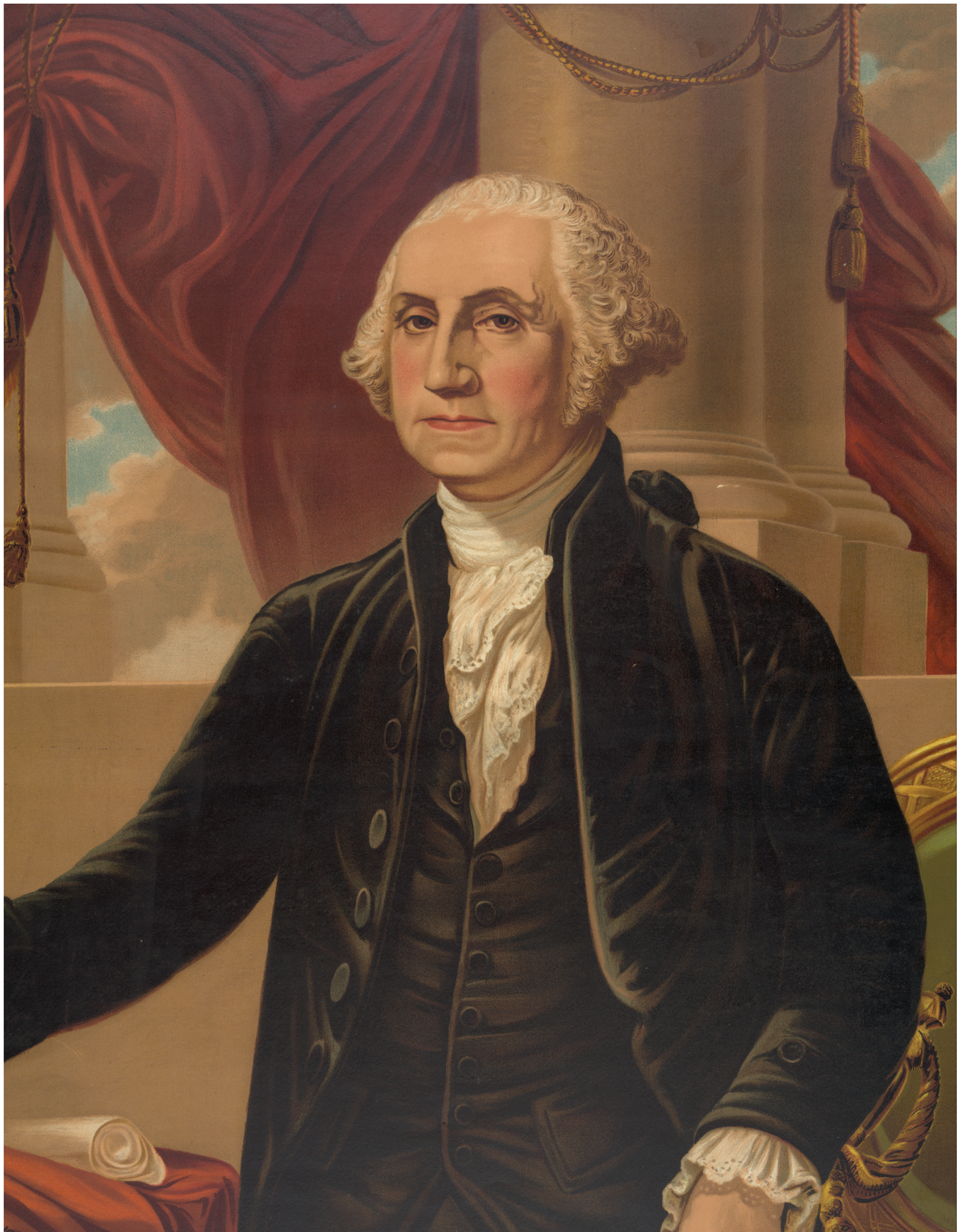
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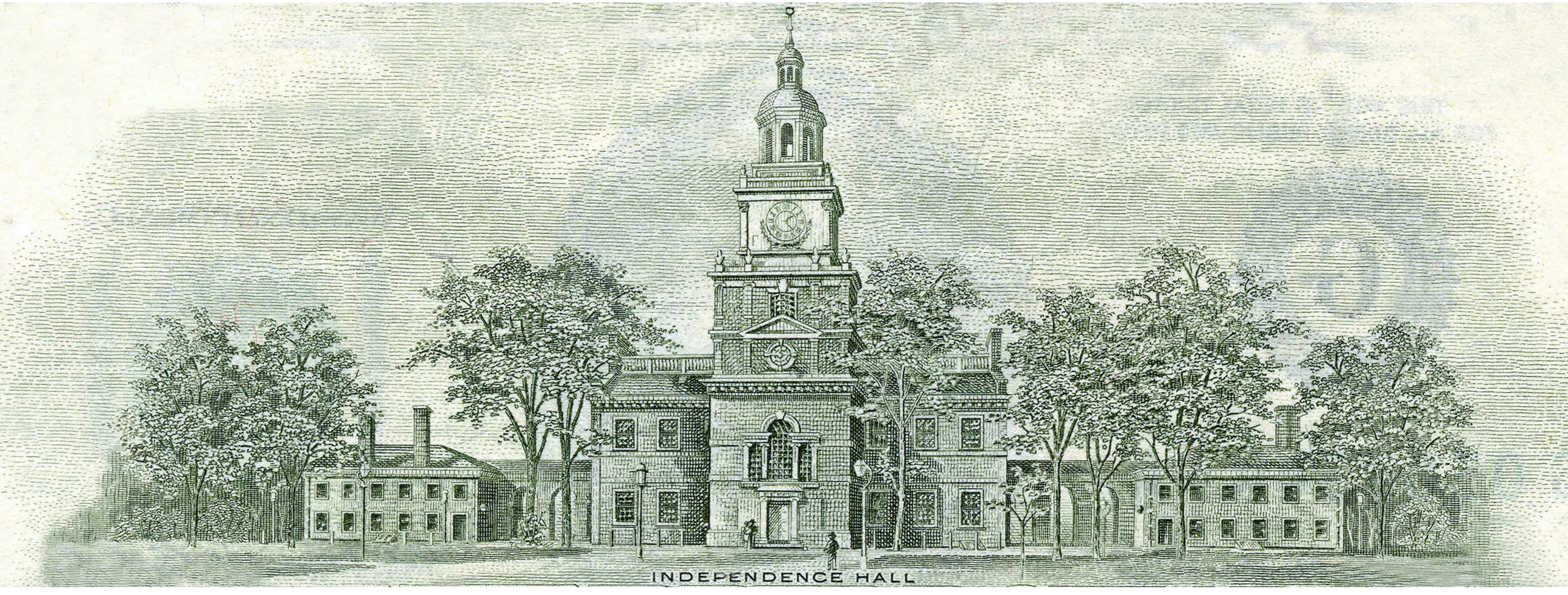
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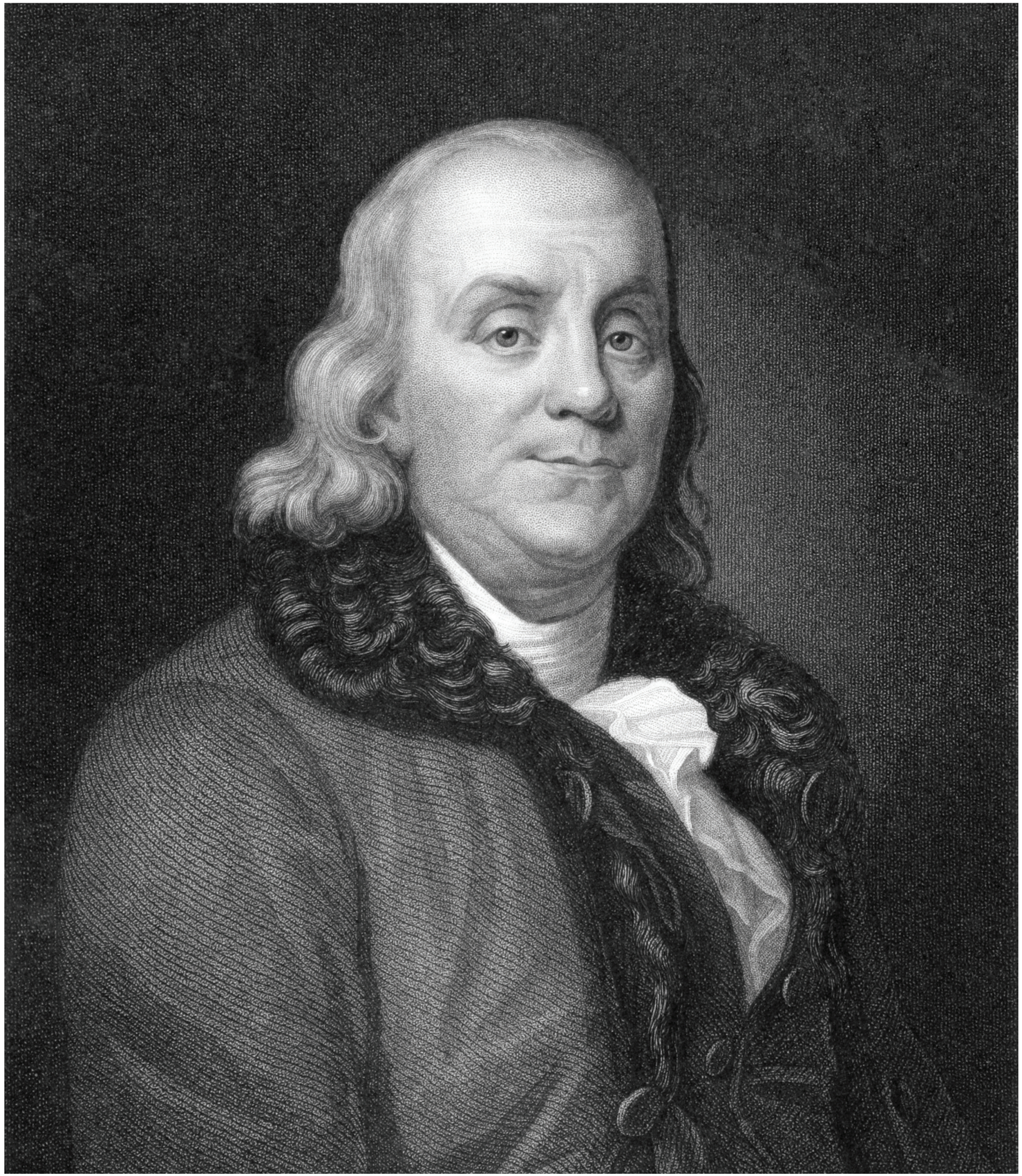


9A-5






INDEPENDENCE HALL



10A-1



10A-2

Note, This ALMANACK us'd to contain but 24 Pages, and now has 36; yet the Price is very little advanc'd.

Poor RICHARD improved:

BEING AN

ALMANACK

AND

EPHEMERIS

OF THE

MOTIONS of the SUN and MOON;

THE TRUE

PLACES and ASPECTS of the PLANETS;

THE

RISING and *SETTING* of the *SUN*;

AND THE

Rising, Setting *and* Southing *of the* Moon,

FOR THE

BISSEXTILE YEAR, 1748.

Containing also,

The Lunations, Conjunctions, Eclipses, Judgment of the Weather, Rising and Setting of the Planets, Length of Days and Nights, Fairs, Courts, Roads, *&c.* Together with useful Tables, chronological Observations, and entertaining Remarks.

Fitted to the Latitude of Forty Degrees, and a Meridian of near five Hours West from *London*; but may, without sensible Error, serve all the NORTHERN COLONIES.

By *RICHARD SAUNDERS*, Philom.

PHILADELPHIA:
Printed and Sold by B. FRANKLIN.

Another copy.

10A-3







10A-6

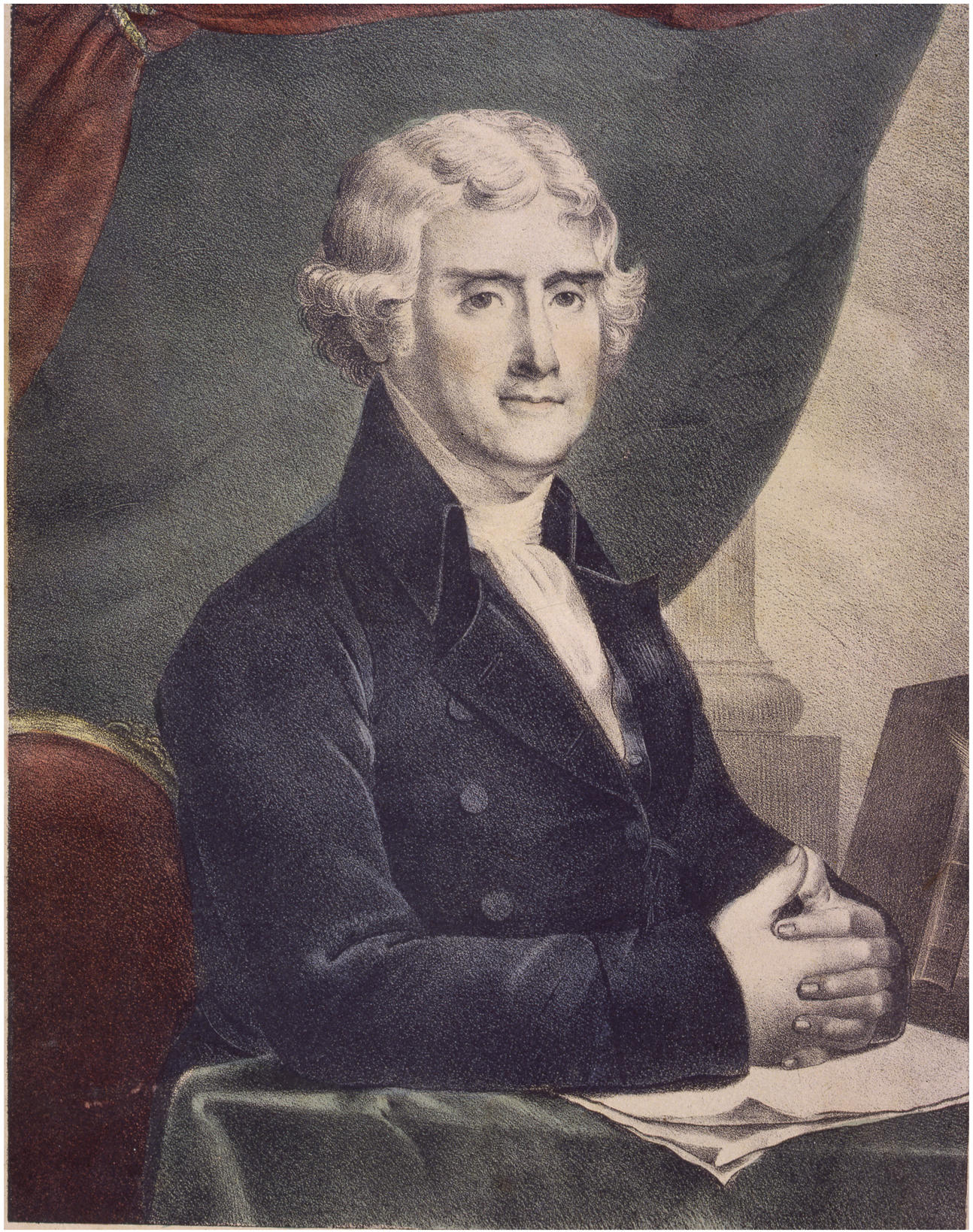


10A-7



10A-8

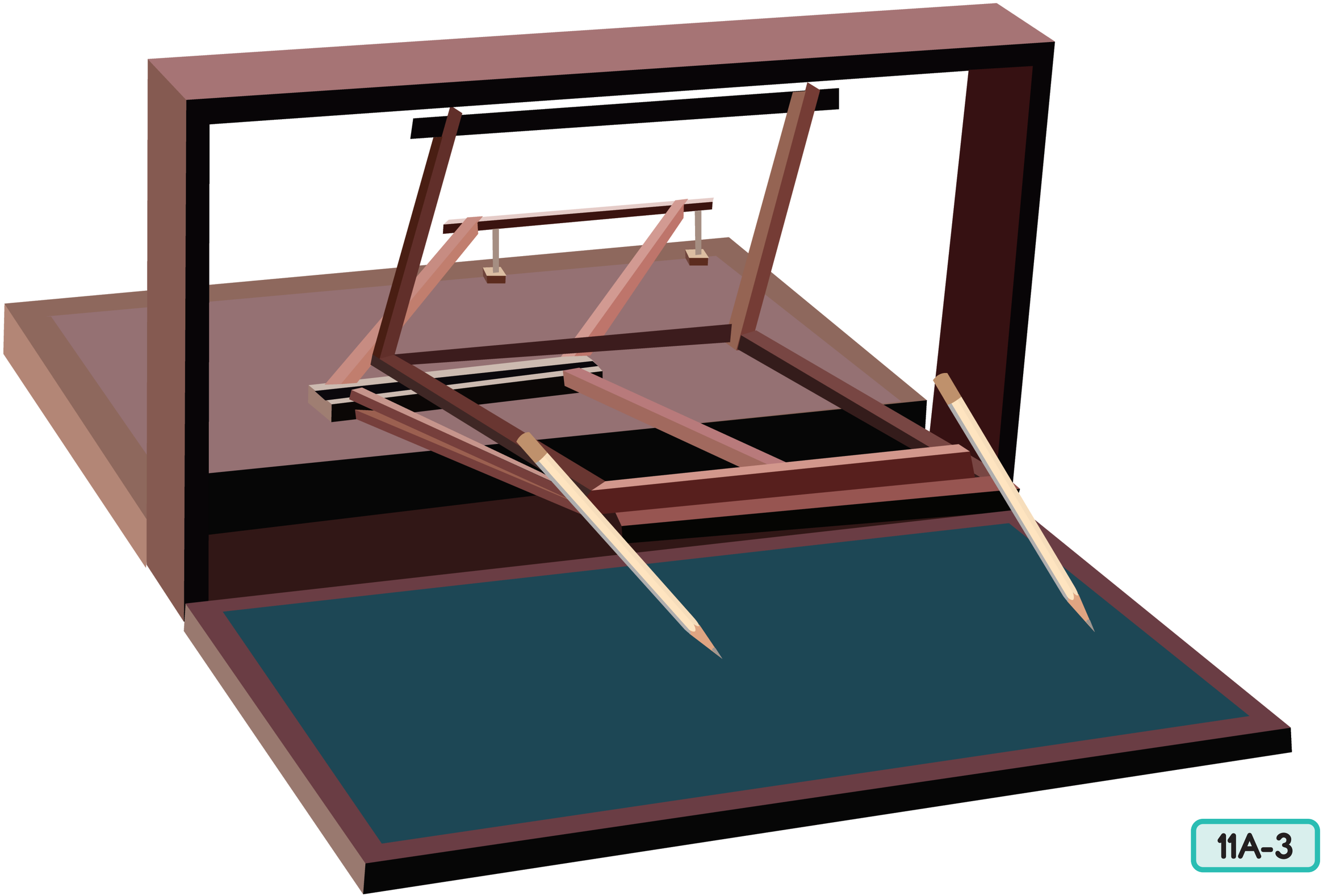

NILES

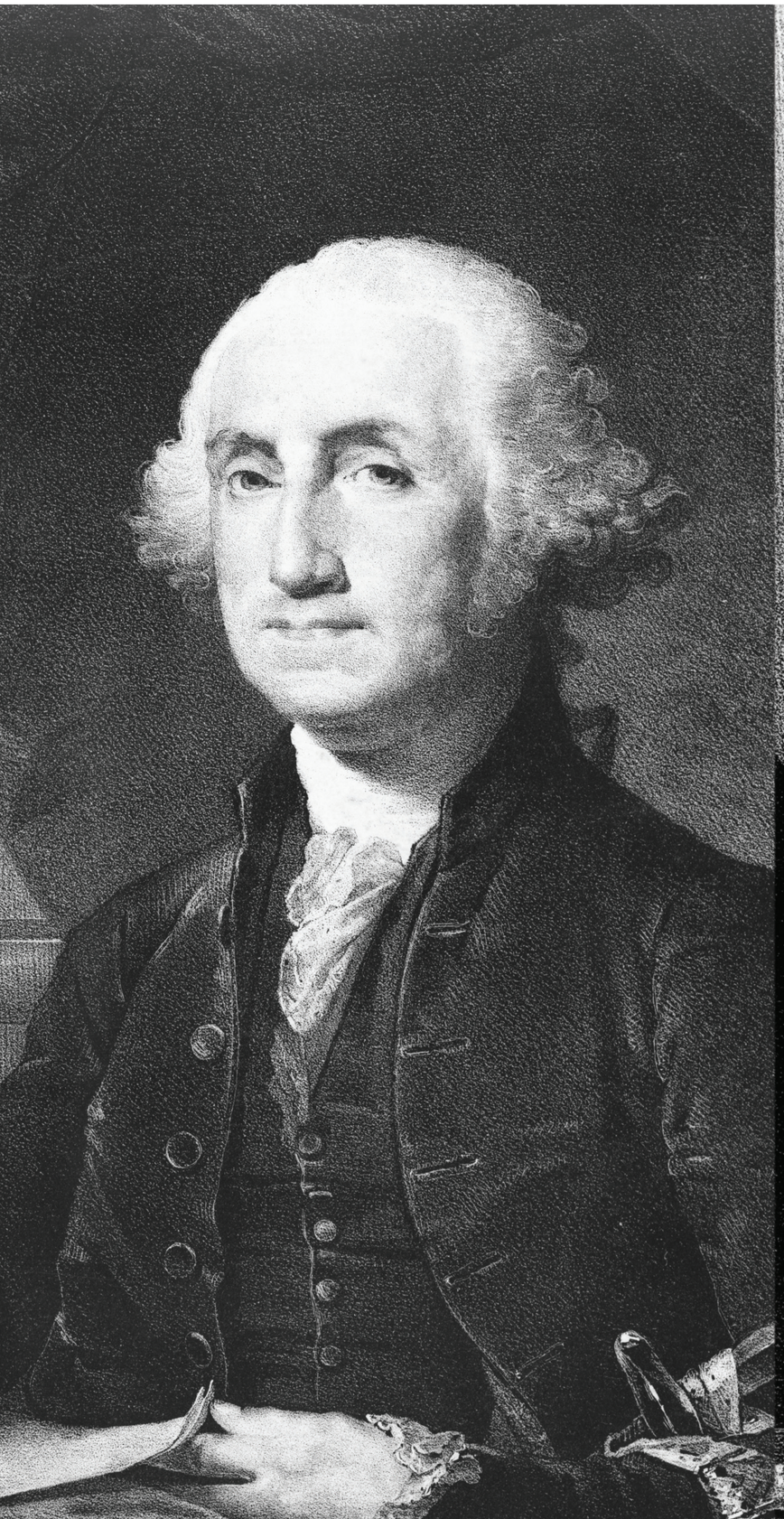


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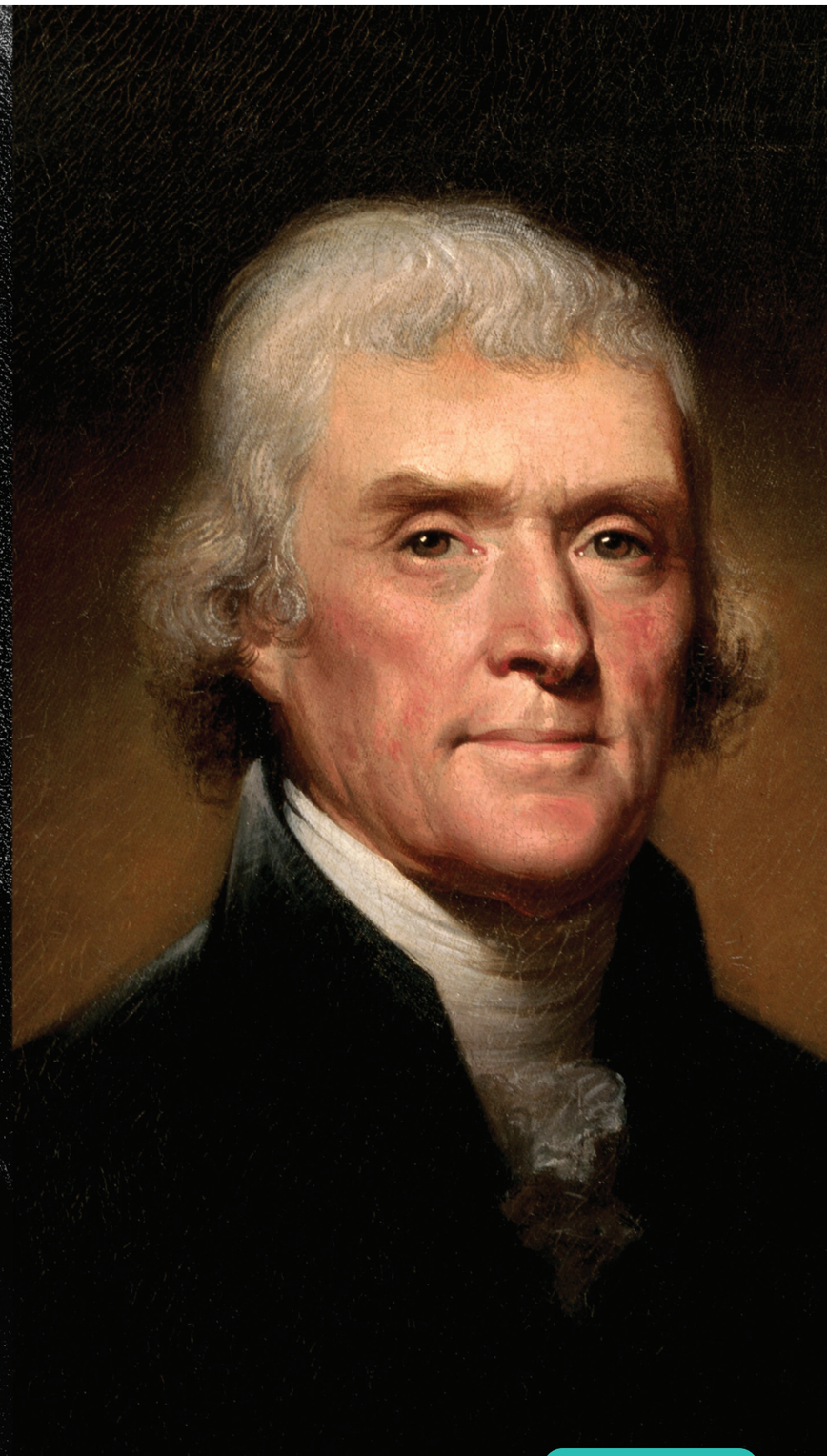


11A-2





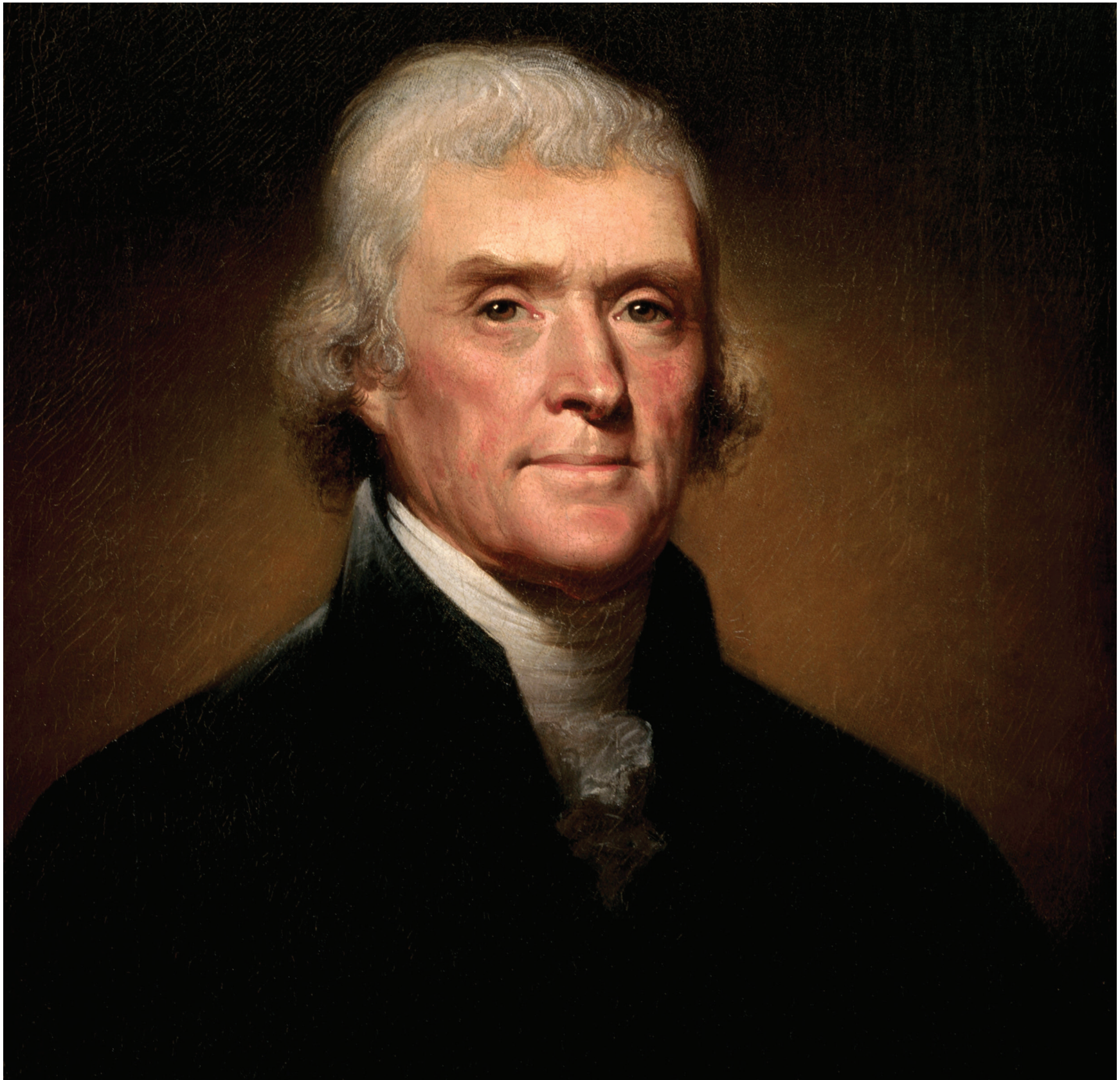




11A-4



11A-5



11A-6


E PLURIBUS UNUM
MONTICELLO
FIVE CENTS
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA


IN GOD WE TRUST
LIBERTY
1995
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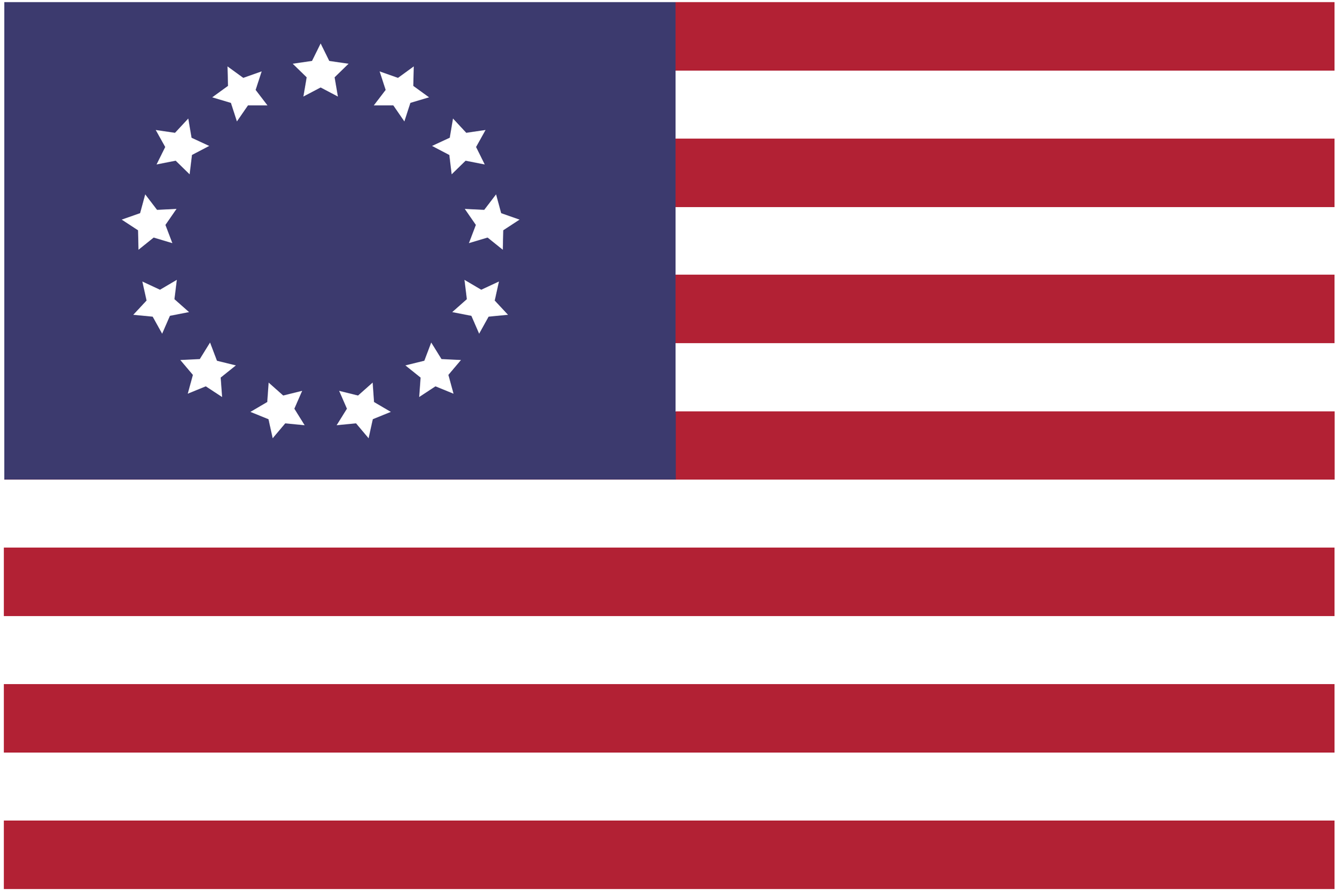
11A-7







12A-1



12A-2



12A-3



12A-4


PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES
SEAL OF THE
E PLURIBUS UNUM



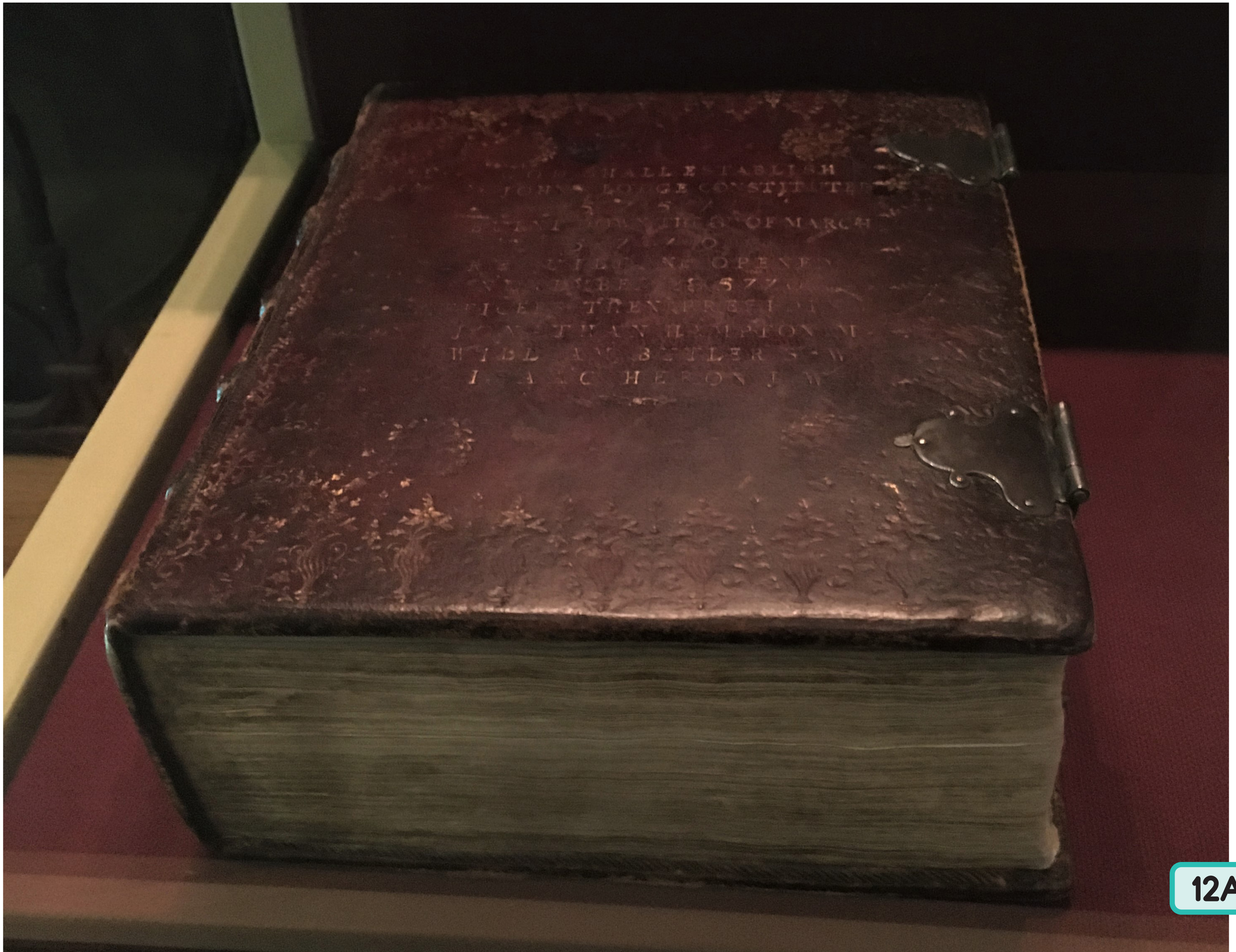

12A-6


EREOF LEV. XXV. X. PROCLAIM LIBERTY
HOUSE IN PHILAD.A BY ORDER OF THE AS
PASS AND STOW
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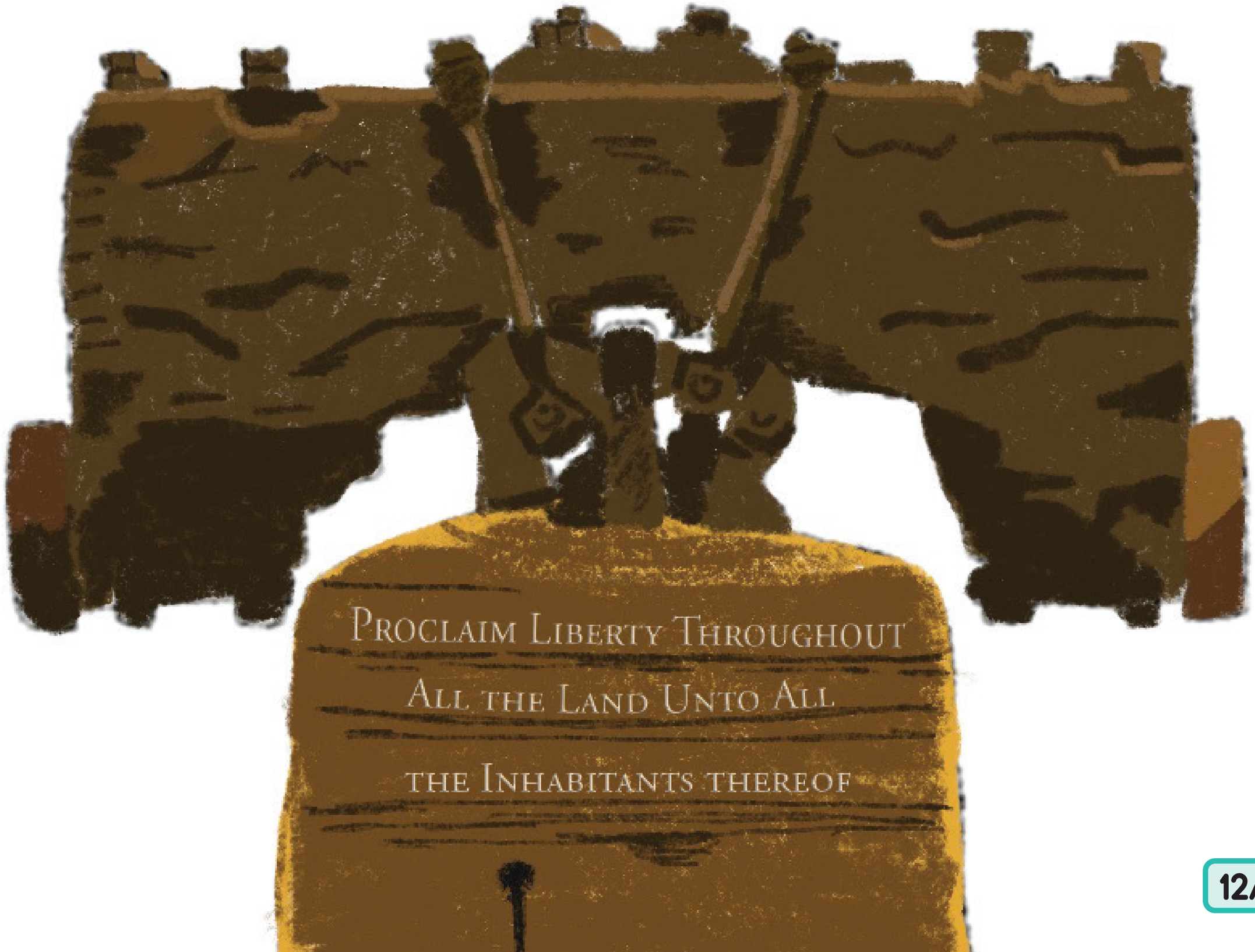
12A-7



12A-8



12A-9


PROCLAIM LIBERTY THROUGHOUT
ALL THE LAND UNTO ALL
THE INHABITANTS THEREOF

12A-10

Grade 1 | Unit 8

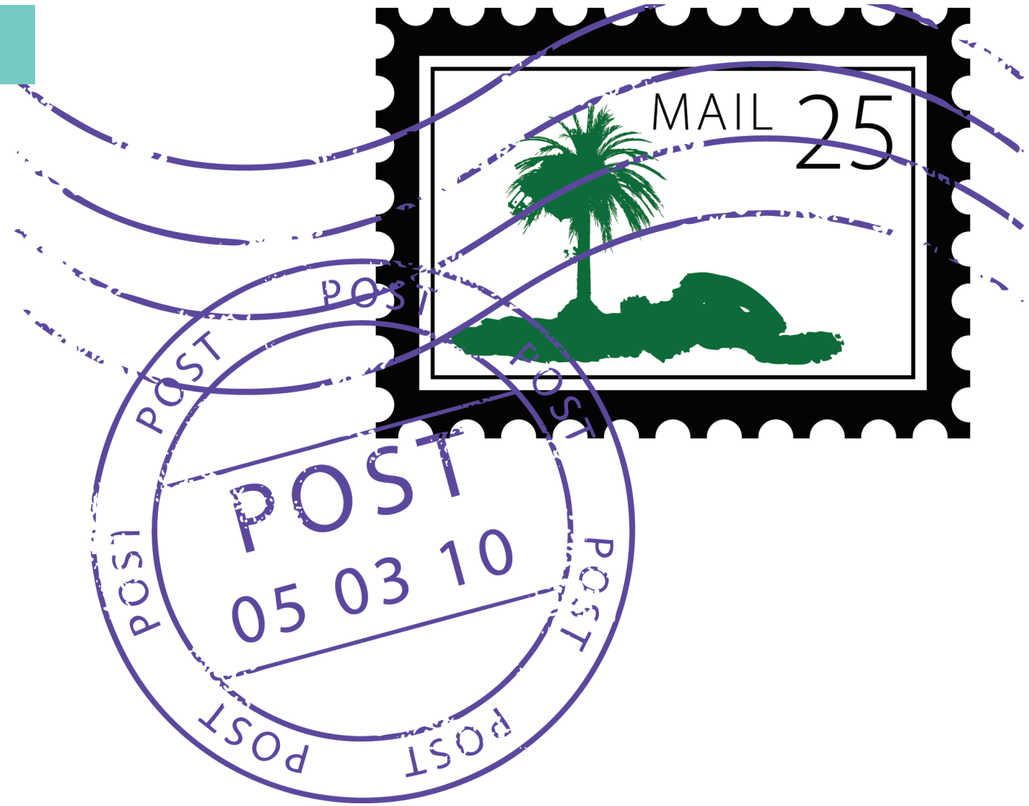
American Independence

Multiple Meaning Word Posters

Multiple Meaning Word Posters

The poster(s) in this Flip Book may be cut out and displayed on the classroom wall for the duration of the unit.

1

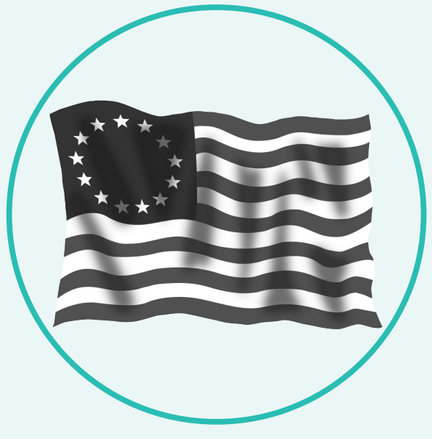


2



3





Stamps (Poster 1M)

1. small pieces of paper that you buy and then stick to an envelope or package to pay the cost of mailing it *(noun)*
2. devices used to mark something with a design *(noun)*
3. brings (foot) down heavily and noisily *(verb)*

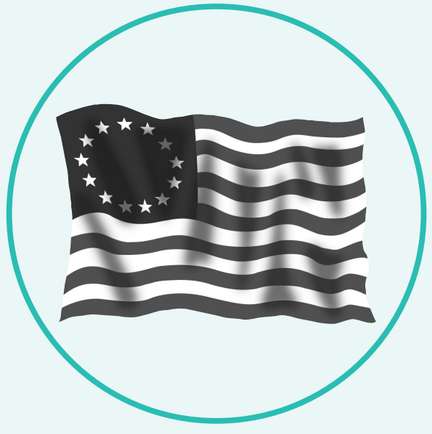
American Independence | Multiple Meaning Word Poster 1 of 6

1


24.ГУБКА Д/ТЕЛА
25.ДРАЖЕ АРАХИС В САХАРЕ
250Г КР.
32.КРУПА ПЕРЛОВАЯ 900Г
33.ТОРТ
34.ФАСОЛЬ
35.ЙОГ.
36.СЫР
37.ЙОГ.
38.СЫР
39.СЫРНЫЙ ПРОД.ПЛ.
40.МОЛОКО
41.СУП М/П
42.СМЕТАНА
43.ТВОРОГ
44.ЯЙЦО КУРИНОЕ СТОЛОВОЕ
45.ВАФЛИ ДЖЕМ КЛУБНИКА
46.НАПИТОК Б/А
47.МАСЛО
48.СУХАРИКИ
49.СЕМЕЧКИ
50.ГРУДКА ЦЫПЛЕНКА-БРОЙЛЕРА
51.МОЛОКО СГУЩ.С/САХ
52.ЧАК-ЧАК 250Г
ПОДИТОГ 2761.86
руб =2761.86
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2





Slip (Poster 2M)

1. a small piece of paper *(noun)*
2. to lose your balance, especially on a slippery surface *(verb)*

American Independence | Multiple Meaning Word Poster 2 of 6

1



2



3





Charge (Poster 3M)

1. the responsibility of watching over something *(noun)*
2. to rush in a particular direction *(verb)*
3. to put electricity into a battery so that a machine or device will run *(verb)*

American Independence | Multiple Meaning Word Poster 3 of 6

1



2

A

B

C

D



Capital (Poster 4M)

1. city having the main offices of a government *(noun)*
2. an uppercase letter *(noun)*

American Independence | Multiple Meaning Word Poster 4 of 6

1



2



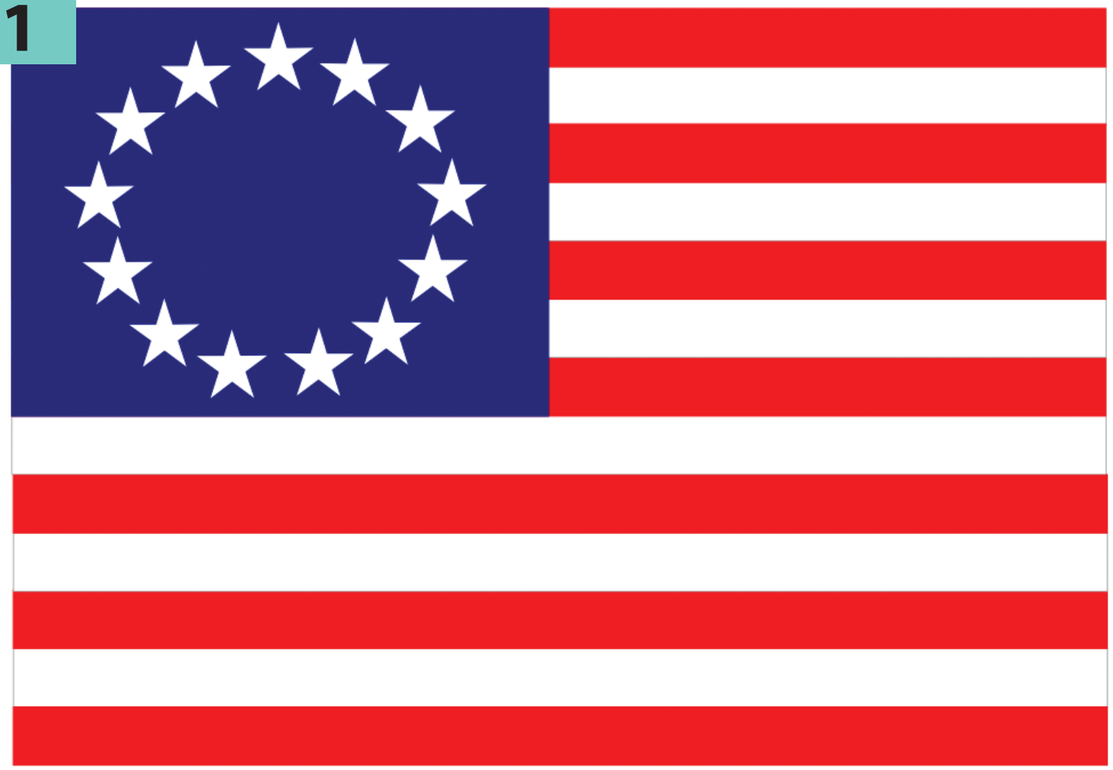


Strikes (Poster 5M)

1. the flashes of light that are produced in the sky during a storm *(noun)*
2. hits with force *(verb)*

American Independence | Multiple Meaning Word Poster 5 of 6

1

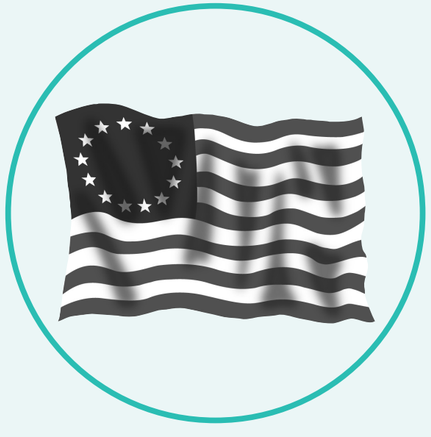


2



3





Stars (Poster 6M)

1. symbols with five or more points *(noun)*
2. performers in a movie or play *(noun)*
3. objects in space that are made of burning gas and that look like points of light in the night sky *(noun)*

American Independence | Multiple Meaning Word Poster 6 of 6

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